

Title of the Project

Role of MPSIDC in building Investment culture in the state of Madhya Pradesh.

By Rajeev Prakash Shrivastava

Enrollment No. 11 7805 201

Under the Guidance of

CA C. Ramagopal

For the partial fulfillment of the degree of

Master of Business Administration

In

Accounting & Finance

November 2014



Acknowledgments

During the course of writing this thesis I have benefited from the help and support of a large number of people. First of all I would like to thank my adviser Prof. CA C. Ramagopal for his guidance and excellent support, both academically and personally. With boundless energy and enthusiasm he has encouraged and supported my research during the last years. I am also deeply grateful to Prof. Dr. Sulakshna Tiwari for her profound comments on various parts of this thesis.





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Certificate of Originality

This is to certify that the project titled "Role of MPSIDC in building Investment culture in the state of Madhya Pradesh" is an original work of the Student and is being submitted in partial fulfillment for the award of Master's Degree in Business Administration of Indira Gandhi National Open University. This report has not been submitted earlier either to this University or to any other University/ Institutions for the fulfillment of the requirement of a course of study.

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Project Proposal

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<u>Title of the Project</u>: Role of MPSIDC in building Investment culture in the state of Madhya Pradesh.

Subject Area: "Accounting and Finance".

Objective of the Project:

1. Primary objective:

To analyze the current scenario of investment and the role of MPSIDC in industrialization process.

2. Secondary Objective:

To analyze and comment on efforts of and their impact on investment climate and industrialization process in the State of Madhya Pradesh alongwith factors affecting anticipated growth, if any.

- Investment Era's: Before 2002 i.e creation of TRIFAC and after 2002.
- Growth of MPSIDC
- MoU culture: Objectives of MoU.
- Ouestionnaire: Factors MoU take off / failure
- Transparency Gujarat model for understanding.

Rationale of Study

Among India's 20 largest states, MP has the third lowest per capita Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP). MP's per capita own

Introduction to the Project

Institutional reforms for business promotion and facilitating private investments in the state.

Brief of the Company under study

M.P. State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. (MPSIDC) formerly known as M.P. Audyogik Vikas Nigam (MPAVN), started its operations in 1965 primarily to augment industrial growth in Madhya Pradesh by providing financial assistance and subsequently in 1981 the state government assigned infrastructure development work to it.

For balanced and sustained industrial development in Madhya Pradesh, MPSIDC has setup five subsidiary companies known as M. P. Audyogik Kendra Vilas Nigam (MPAKVN) located in Bhopal, Indore, Gwalior, Jabalpur & Rewa. It has established many growth centers in Madhya Pradesh. As an organization to promote infrastructure development it has along with IL&FS established the privately operated Rau-Pithampur toll road in India.

Since 1994 the focus of MPSIDC has been infrastructure development to attract and promote industries, both domestic and foreign, in Madhya Pradesh. It has plans to develop and implement infrastructure projects like air cargo complexes, dry ports, express highway, power plants and industrial water supply projects.

MPSIDC is the central point and hub, which coordinates, activates and ensures implementation of mega projects to strengthen and upgrade infrastructure in Madhya Pradesh.

Questionnaire will be derived and designed and data will be collected from different segments like beneficiaries, Investors, and other influencing stakeholders.

Types and sources of Data

Primary Data

Primary Data will be collected in person, via internet, mail, web etc.

- -Questionnaire
- -Interview

Secondary Data

Secondary data will be collected from various publications and Web resources like Tata/ CMIE/ CII / FICCI /IBEF / CSI / etc.

Sample Size

99999999999

The sample size will be 100 respondents who belong to the category of established industrialists and new entrepreneurs.

Expected Contribution from the Study:

(Interpretation, Conclusion and suggestions)

Contribute ideas and suggestions of investors related with State of Madhya Pradesh Investment culture at all levels and thereby improve performance level of facilitators.

Proposed chapter plan

Introduction Chapter 1

Methodology Chapter 2

Objective and scope of study

Methodology (Details of methodology used in studying and collecting the data and issues will be described)

Descriptive work_ Chapter 4

Descriptive work of topic, this chapter will include analysis and interpretation of data tabulation and categorization.

Study Report Chapter 5
Study report of other researchers will be observed and analysed

Conclusions
Chapter 6
Limitations
Chapter 7
Recommendations
Chipter 8
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revenue is much below the average of 20 larger states. Tax revenue as a percent of GSDP (8%) is slightly lower than the national average (8.3%). Per capita development expenditure of the State is much below the average of other states. Such fiscal indicators point towards the weak capacity of the state government to mobilise resources for development. The state has not yet been able to capitalise on India's improved growth in the liberalisation era.

There is need for MP to identify and address the critical constraints to growth. While social sector spending has seen an upward trend in recent years, the relatively lower growth of the economy has made it difficult for all sections to benefit from it. Recent spurt in economic growth is encouraging and needs to be sustained and also made inclusive by diversifying growth in sectors that have the highest employment multiplier.

Government of Madhya Pradesh (GoMP) has launched major initiatives to promote growth through promotion of investments and strengthening of infrastructure. It established the MP Trade and Investment Facilitation Corporation (TRIFAC) in 2002 as a single window secretariat for all inward investment. The main objective are

To facilitate industry, investment and employment generation in Madhya Pradesh.

To function as a secretariat for implementing the Single window system for project clearance, implementation and policy formulation.

To provide effective pre-investment and post investment service by establishing co-ordination between different agencies and act as on interface between entrepreneurs and the Government.

To participate continuously in the development process of creating the right business environment in the State by advising on policy and regulatory measures.

A new Industrial Policy enacted 2004 has been amended to make MP more attractive for private investors. A new Roads Policy and Independent Power Producer Policy have facilitated Public-Private-Partnerships (PPPs) development in these sectors. In October 2010, a Global Investors' Summit has resulted in signing of 102 MOUs worth US\$ 53 billion. GoMP has also constituted a Council for Vocational Education and Training (MPCVET) to boost skills development.

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RESUME HIGHLIGHTS

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- ? Three Professional Qualifications, Fellow of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Fellow of Institute of Company Secretaries of India and Associate member of Indian Institute of Bankers.
- ? Administrative experience in corporate sector 30 years in Banking, Industry and Trade.
- Research guide and supervisor for Ph D, Barkatullah University, Bhopal, education counsellor to IGNOU and ICFAL.
- ? Taught CA and CS Students Company Law and Business Legislation areas.
- ? Finally, worked as Executive Director (Finance) in Madhya Pradesh State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd, Bhopal handling Rs. 1,000 crores corporation. Instrumental in turning it as a profit earning and dividend declaring company, with financial revamping.
- ? Experience in teaching different and diverse fifteen subjects- forty years.
- ? Presently associated with Indian Institute of Forest Management, NITTTR, MANIT as visiting professor.
- ? Freelancing resource person Great motivator and adept in soft skills presentation 'Problems create opportunities'.
- ? Author of five books for MBA "Export import Procedures, Documentation and Logistics" adopted as a text book at IIM, Indore, "Financial Management", "Business Legislation", "Accounting for Managers" and "Financial Management & Management Accounting.
- ? Sixth book "Management of Financial Services" is under print.
- ? International exposure Stayed in USA for more than two years and addressed CPA students.
- ? Member, Board of Studies, Barkatullah University, Bhopal.
- ? Publications in several reputed journals and publications of ICFAI and others.
- ? All rounder in Finance and other related subjects as a Faculty and Resource person.
- ? Resource person at various reputed institutes like Academy of Administration, Bhopal and several Professional bodies and institutes.
- ? Interacted experiences on Finance with Middle level IAS and Senior SAS officers at Academy of Administration, Bhopal.
- ? Inherent Strength Teaching Finance to non-finance students.

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Chapter 1 Introduction

Introduction to the Project and review of literature

1.1 Investment : An Overview

Wiki defines

"Investment is the accumulation of newly produced physical entities, such as factories, machinery, houses, and goods inventories."

This study is focused on Institutional reforms for business promotion and facilitating private investments in the state.

1.2 Brief of the Company under study:

M.P. State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. (MPSIDC) formerly known as M.P. Audyogik Vikas Nigam (MPAVN) started its operations in 1965 primarily to augment industrial growth in Madhya Pradesh by providing financial assistance and subsequently in 1981 the state government assigned infrastructure development work to it.

1.3 Organisation's History & Research

For balanced and sustained industrial development in Madhya Pradesh, MPSIDC has setup five subsidiary companies known as M. P. Audyogik Kendra Vilas Nigam (MPAKVN) located in Bhopal, Indore, Gwalior, Jabalpur & Rewa. It has established many growth centers in Madhya Pradesh. As an organization to promote infrastructure development it has along with IL&FS established the privately operated Rau-Pithampur toll road in India.

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MPSIDC is the central point and hub, which coordinates, activates and ensures implementation of mega projects to strengthen and upgrade infrastructure in Madhya Pradesh.

Skilled and experienced manpower:

MPSIDC have experienced and professional staff, who have wide experience in Industrialisation and Investment Process, with in some cases, the experience going up to nearly twenty years in this industry. The staff has the skill-set required to perform a wide range of functions, depending upon the requirements from time to time.

Madhya Pradesh Trade & Investment Facilitation Corporation Limited (TRIFAC) formerly known as Madhya Pradesh Export Corporation Limited, is a Company established under Companies Act 1956 and Wholly owned by Government of Madhya Pradesh. Since 2004. TRIFAC is functioning as Single Window Facilitation Centre for Investment promotion in Madhya Pradesh.

1.4 Review of Literature

With the implementation of liberalisation policies from 1991, initially in trade and industry, and in a phased manner in a number of other sectors including monetary and fiscal policies, a sea change has taken place in the economic and social transformation of the country, and in the integration of the economy with the global environment. Foreign trade, foreign direct investment, capital flows from other countries in various forms, and technology transfer have acted as a stimulus for accelerated economic growth of the state. The study reviews the overall scenario in the state of Madhya Pradesh, and examines developments with special reference to the entire Investment regime. Emphasis is laid on examining the trends of recent years from 1994 to 2003 and 2004 – 2012.



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Rationale

1.5 Rationale of Study

Among India's 20 largest states, MP has the third lowest per capita GSDP. MP's per capita own revenue is much below the average of 20 larger states. Tax revenue as a percent of GSDP (8%) is slightly lower than the national average (8.3%). Per capita development expenditure of the State is much below the average of other states. Such fiscal indicators point towards the weak capacity of the state government to mobilise resources for development. The state has not yet been able to capitalise on India's improved growth in the liberalisation era.

There is need for MP to identify and address the critical constraints to growth. While social sector spending has seen an upward trend in recent years, the relatively lower growth of the economy has made it difficult for all sections to benefit from it. Recent spurt in economic growth is encouraging and needs to be sustained and also made inclusive by diversifying growth in sectors that have the highest employment multiplier.

GoMP has launched major initiatives to promote growth through promotion of investments and strengthening of infrastructure.

A new Industrial Policy (enacted 2004) has been amended to make MP more attractive for private investors. A new Roads Policy and Independent Power Producer Policy have facilitated Public-Private-Partnerships (PPPs) development in these sectors.

In 2007, 333 MoU were signed worth INR 471546 Crore,

In 2010, 110 MoUs worth INR 244851 Crores and

In 2012, 988 MoUs wre signed worth INR 376980 Crores

Global Investors' Summit resulted Employment generation near about 15, 50,000.

The rational of the study is to analyze the various causes of attracting investment.



The project aimed at studying the investor preference towards facilities offered by State Govt. For this reason investor opinions were collected and common view was found out. This was done with the help of questionnaire.

Questionnaire were filled by the investors, I visited to various offices of State Govt and Investors offices.

The opinion of the gave us an overall view about the investors opinion towards the investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh.

The data is collected and carefully analyzed then appropriate statically tool is applied.

Statement of problem

1.6 Statement of Problem

TO realize full potential in the State of Madhya Pradesh. To analyse the current scenario of investment and the role of MPSIDC in industrialisation process.

To transform the state into an economic powerhouse. i.e To analyze and comment on efforts of and their impact on investment climate in the state before 2002 and after 2002.

Sector wise Analysis

Employment generation Analysis

Analysis - Services that helps Investors

Technical Analysis

Modes of marketing to attract investors

Problems faced by investors

How services can be improved

Expected effects of change in cycles

Analysis of Investors Preferences and Expectations

Modes of awareness

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Chapter 2

Methodology

This Project is a mix of descriptive, exploratory and explanatory analysis of the event given in Problem definition . . .

Thomas defines

"Case studies are analyses of persons, events, decisions, periods, projects, policies, institutions, or other systems that are studied holistically by one or more method. The case that is the subject of the inquiry will be an instance of a class of phenomena that provides an analytical frame, an object, within which the study is conducted and which the case illuminates and explicates."

According to J. Creswell, data collection in a case study occurs over a "sustained period of time."

Research Methodology is a way to systematically solve the research problem. The Research Methodology includes the various methods and techniques for conducting a research. Research is an art of scientific investigation. The logic behind taking research methodology into consideration is that one can have knowledge about the method and procedure adopted for achievement of objective of the project.

2.1 Research Design

This case study should be defined as a research strategy, an empirical inquiry that investigates a phenomenon within its real-life context.

Research mean single and multiple case studies, can include quantitative evidence, relies on multiple sources of evidence, and benefits from the prior development of theoretical propositions.

Research has been designed to address the study and make sure that all collected data is relevant as per questionnaire.

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Chapter 2

Methodology

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A short list of bullet points to try and address during the study. To make sure that all research refers back to these.

The questionnaire or survey designed, as an observer and experimenter that each case will be treated individually and then cross case conclusions has been drawn.

Questionnaire has been derived and designed and data collected from investors.

This study is done to understand investment behavior of different groups towards investment avenues.

2.2 Reliability and Validity

Reliability means that the promised service will be performed correctly and dependably at the first time.

The nature of the data to be collected helps me to select the appropriate tools for the study. Questionnaires, interviews, psychological tests, rating scales, schedules and attitude scales are the most frequently used in this research. I have satisfy myself about their reliability, validity and suitability for sample chosen for the study.

It would be impracticable, if not impossible, to test, to interview or observe each unit of the population under controlled conditions in order to arrive at principles having universal validity. Sampling is the process by which a relatively small number of individuals or measures of individuals, objects, or events is selected and analyzed in order to find out something about the entire population from which it was selected.

To obtain a representative sample, I have to selects each unit in a specified way under controlled conditions. I have chosen four steps in the process:

Defining the population

Listing the population



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Selecting a representative sample

The target population or universe in this study is made up of all the investors who engage in in the process of investment. The entire population consists of about 785 known investors. The number of respondents included in this study is 100, which amounts to 25% of the population.

I have used Non-probability method of sampling. Judgment sampling is used to purposefully select the specific members of the sample in a random method. I according to my judgment has chosen the members of the sample that would constitute a proper cross section representing the parameters of pertinence to the research.

A listing of every element in the population or universe would constitute a perfect sampling frame. In reality, though, most sampling frames are found to be far from perfect, owing to omissions, incomplete data, and outdated information. The sampling techniques used in this study may also suffer from any of the above mentioned defects. Since, it is practically impossible for a smaller segment of a population to be exactly representative of the population, some degree of sampling error will be present whenever we select a sample. This error is the result of chance. Non-sampling error is everything else besides sampling error that may inject inaccuracies and bias into the results of a study. It goes without saying that the study may have non-sampling errors but every step has been taken to minimize non-sampling errors.

There are two primary ways that one can determine the extent to which particular empirical indicators represent a given theoretical concept. To begin with I have examine the reliability of an assessment instrument. Then they can determine an instrument's validity. It is significant to note that the measurement of any phenomenon always contains a certain amount of unintended inaccuracy; whether or not the research goal is an error-free measurement is never attained in any area of scientific investigation.



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My perceptions and experiences are put into the quality of this study by conducting exploratory reliability and validity through the research data used.

I have measured the reliability and the validity by studying data from a time phased field study of 100 Investment Projects. In this research, the my goal is to follow a procedure that removes the influence of the researcher from data collection and analysis. To do this, I used a testing domain of all available Web Sites and portals. The reliability and validity study involved sampling from a list of 785 Investment Project that were strategic in nature to Government of Madhya Pradesh, and these projects were completed, under implementation and closed.

Reliability the types of designs can determine the cause and effect of the results versus the type of research design established. I understand the different types so the one that is most useful when it comes to the test hypothesis and answering the research questions.

2.3 The Research Problem

The research problem on hand is a to find out investor preference towards the investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh

2.4 Procedures and techniques to used for gathering information

A proper and balanced combination of observation, questionnaire and interview of sample population will be adapted by me for gathering information.

2.5 The population to be studied

In order to bring our some accurate conclusions, it is decided to contact the investor after obtaining the filled-up questionnaire.

2.6 Sampling Design: Sampling and Sampling size

This refers to number of respondents to be selected from Investors to constitute a sample For the present study the sample size was 100 collected from the respondents through convenient judgmental sampling method.



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- **2.7 Sampling unit** The target population has been defined that has to be sampled. The sampling unit of research included investors residing in the state and outside the state..
- **2.8** Sampling Technique In this project, Questionnaire Method will be used for the collecting the data.

2.9 Tools For Data Collection

In this research two types of data were used

- 1. Primary data
- 2. Secondary data

Primary data: Primary data is that data which has been collected especially for the purpose of this newly taken research. This preliminary data for this research project has been collected by the means of a questionnaire designed to determine those factor which are designated by the various investors which were important to them in the decision making process. These questionnaires were completed by this researcher within the confines of State of Madhya Pradesh area. Various Professional/investors/businessmen/student were the locus of this interviewing/questionnaire filling procedure.

Secondary Data:

Secondary information was obtained from trade journal, magazines, Newspaper and from the internet.

2.10 Tools For Data Analysis:

Appropriate Statistical tools (like Percentage, charts, etc) have been used for data analysis.

2.11 Nature and Sources of data / information :

The study was done with the primary data using questionnaire as a tool to assess the investment behavior.

Since the aim of the survey is to allow every person to list his opinion about investment avenues.



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A closed ended questionnaire was prepared, characteristics of attributes to assess the relative importance of each statement. Primary Data was collected in person, via internet, mail, web etc.

The secondary data was collected through various websites. Secondary data will be collected from various publications and Web resources like Tata/ CMIE/ CII / FICCI /IBEF / CSI / etc.

2.22 Key Drivers for Sample Selection

How to invest in MP

Investment needs

Investment objectives

Risk Factors

Fund Requirement

Land requirement - Land Cost,

Selection of right Place

Taxation issues

Role of State Govt.

Role of local authorities

Time Period

Cost Advantage,

RoI Advantage,

Industrial Harmony

A population of investor who invest in the State will be considered for this study. I will try to explore the investment behaviour of the Investor. Effort will be made to throw light on most of the factors which have either indirect or direct effect on the behaviour of the investment

-3. Chapter Objective and Scope of the study)

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Chapter 3

Objective and Scope of study

An attempt to analyse the current scenario on investment and the role of MPSIDC in industrialization process. And in addition, analyse and comment on efforts of and their impact on investment climate and industrialization process in the State of Madhya Pradesh.

The main objective of the study is to find out the investment pattern of the investors towards various facilities offered by State Govt.

To determine what factors influence them while they choose a particular investment destination, a particular sector and in which particular scheme and to find out whether they are satisfied with their investment decision or not.

Objective of the Project:

1. <u>Primary objective</u>:

To analyze the current scenario on investment and the role of MPSIDC in industrialization process.

2. <u>Secondary Objective</u>:

To analyze and comment on efforts of and their impact on investment climate and industrialization process in the State of Madhya Pradesh,

- Investment Era's: Before 2002 i.e creation of TRIFAC and after 2002.
- Growth of MPSIDC
- MoU culture: Objectives of MoU.
- Questionnaire : Factors MoU take off / failure
- Transparency Gujarat model for understanding.

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4. Cha	pter
4.1	Variable Used
4.2	Theoretical framewo
4.3	Profile of investors
4.4	Findings
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Analysis and Interpretation

4.2	Theoretical framework	13
4.3	Profile of investors	19
4.4	Findings	3(



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Chapter 4

Analysis and Interpretation

4.1 Variable Used

Independent Variable: Land Cost, Cost Advantage, Rol, Industrial Harmony

Dependant Variable : Investment in the State of Madhya Pradesh

Moderate Variable : Economical Environment

4.2 Theoretical framework

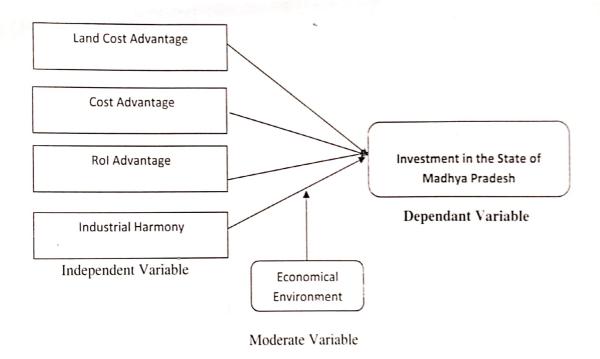


Figure 4.1 - Theoretical framework



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4.3 Profile of investors

Demographics	No. of respondents	Percentage of respondents (%)
Land Cost		
Higher than Other States	0	0
Neutral	20	40
Less than other states	30	60
	Total 50 ~	Total 50
Cost Advantage		
Higher t than Other States	0	0
Neutral	25	50
Less than other states	25	50
2000 than outer states	Total 50	- Total 100
ROI		
Higher than Other States	19	38
Neutral	6	12
Less than other states	25	50
Less than other states	Total 50	Total 100
Industrial Harmony		
Higher t than Other States	10	20
Neutral	25	50
Less than other states	15	30
Less than other states	Total 50	Total 100

Table 4.1 - Profile of investors

Analysis & Interpretation: It was found that the major population of investors was in favour that Land cost is low in the state and 60% was neutral. And 50% respondents were in the favour that cost is higher. 35% of respondents were agreed on Return on Investment. And majority of respondents i.e. 50% agreed about Industrial Harmony. It means majority of investors was agreed having Industrial Harmony in the State.



Q. 1 Result: To know whether respondents know about facilities offered by State.

Knowledge decision	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Yes	50	100
No	0	0
Total	50	100

Table 4.2: Facilities offered by State Government

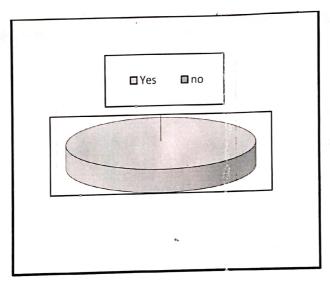


Figure 4.2: Facilities offered by State Government

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that 100% respondents know about the facilities offered by State and 0% who were unknown.



Q.2 Result: To know whether respondents invest in the State.

Investment Decision	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents(%)
Yes	20	40
No	30 .	60
Total	50	100

Figure No. 4.3 Investors Response

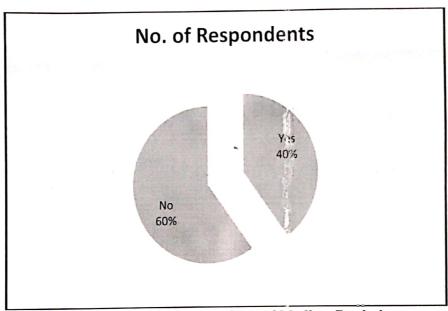


Figure 4.3: Interested in State of Madhya Pradesh

. Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that only 40% respondents invest in the State of Madhya Pradesh and majorly 60% who were non-investors. Because of its feature of high risk.



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Q. 3 Result: The percentage of Investment that Investors invest annually in the State.

Annual Investment to be Invested	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents(%)
0 to 10%	40	14
10-20%	6	22
20-40%	4	40
More than 40%	0	24
Total	50	100

Table 4.4: Percentage of respondent who Investment on yearly basis

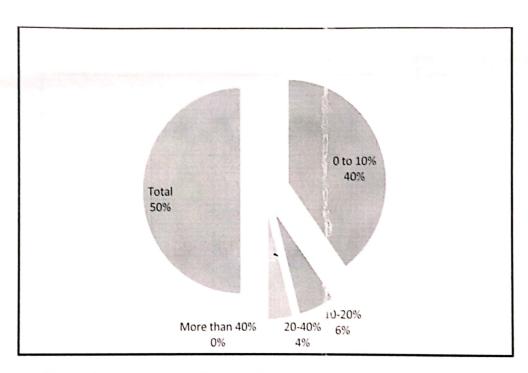


Figure 4.4: Percentage of respondent who Investment on yearly basis

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the above table & chart, it was found that 40% respondents invest 0-10% in 1st year , 6% respondents invest 10-20% in 11nd Year, 4% respondents invest 20-40% of 111rd year 40% respondents not invest .



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Q. 4 Result: The percentage of investors that responded to invest annually

Annual Income Invested	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents(%)
0 to 10%	7 .	14
10-20%	6	12
20-40%	30	60
More than 40%	7	14
Total	50	100

Table 4.5: The percentage of Investment to flow in in next 5 years

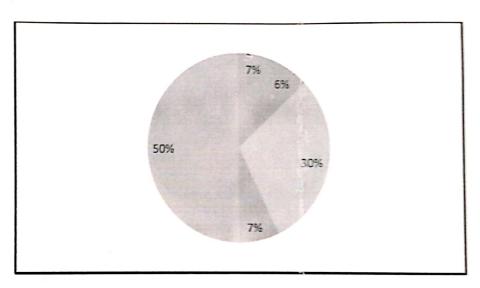


Figure 4.5: The percentage of Investment to flow in in next 5 years

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the above table & chart, it was found that 7% respondents invest 0-10% annually , 6% respondents invest 10-20% annually, 30% respondents invest 20-40% annually and 7% respondents invest more than 40% in annually .



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Q. 5 Result: while investing in State respondent are mostly concerned about

No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
14	28
11	22
20	40
5	10
50	100
	14 11 20 5

Table 4.6: Decision Factor- That Were Considered While Investing in the State

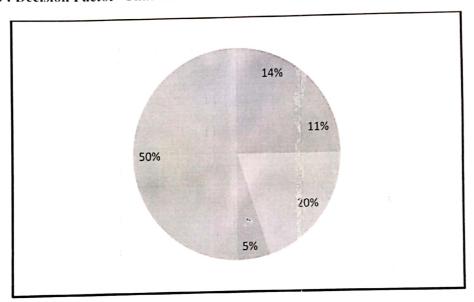


Figure 4.6: Decision Factor- That Were Considered While Investing in the State

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that the maximum respondents 20% considered return on investment was most important factor, 14% respondents considered Land Cost as an important factor and 11% respondents considered risk as an important factor. It can be stated that majority of investors were consider return as an important factor while investing.



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Q. 6 Result: while investing in bank respondent are mostly concerned about

Investment Factors	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Policies	4	8
Safety of Principal	25	50
Return on investment	14	28
Tax benefits	7	14
Total	50	100

Table 4.7: The Factors That Were Considered While Investing in the State

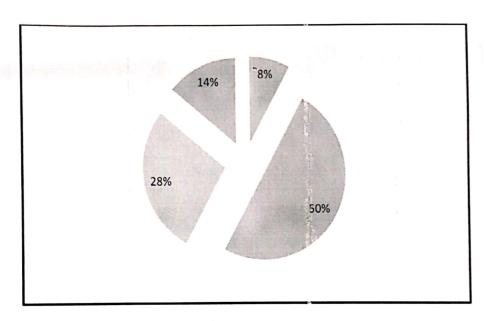


Figure 4.7: The Factors That Were Considered While Investing in the State

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that the maximum respondents 50% considered Safety of principal was most important factor, 28% respondents considered return on investment as an important factor and 14% respondents considered Tax benefit as an important factor. It can be stated that majority of investors were consider safety of principal s an important factor while investing in bank.



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Q. 7 Result: why respondent prefer State of Madhya Pradesh for investment over other State

Investment Factors	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Natural Resource base	8	16
Attractive concessions	16	32
Simplified procedure	21	42
Time Bound clearances	5	10
Total	50	100

Table 4.8: The Factors That Were Considered While Investing

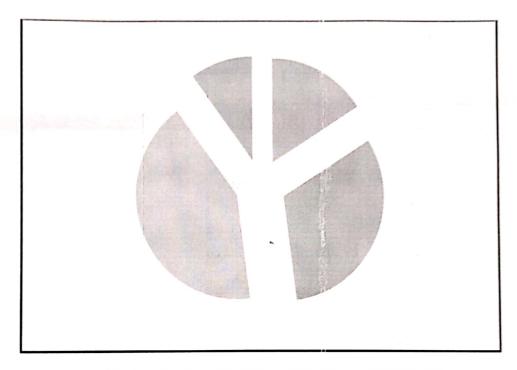


Figure 4.8: The Factors That Were Considered While Investing

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that the maximum respondents 42% considered Simplified procedures was most important factor, 32% respondents considered Attractive concessions offer by State Govt. as an important factor and 16% respondents considered Natural Resource Base an important factor. It can be stated that majority of investors were consider Simplified Procedures an important factor while investing in the State of Madhya Pradesh.



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Q. 8 Result: why respondent don't prefer State of Madhya Pradesh for investment.

Investment Factors	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Availability of Land	20	40
Non availability of raw material	11	22
Non availability of Mineral on desired location	10	20
NoC and approval from Govt. Of India	9	18
Total	50	100

Table 4.9: Factors -Respondent don't prefer State of Madhya Pradesh

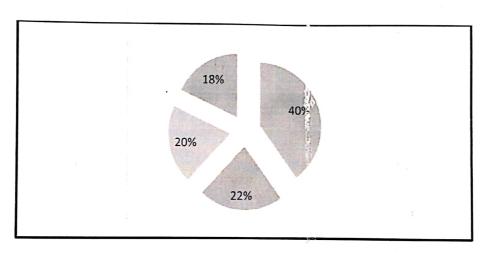


Figure 4.9: Factors -Respondent don't prefer State of Madhya Pradesh

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that the maximum respondents 40% considered Availability of Land was most important factor, 22% respondents considered Non availability of Mineral on desired location as an important factor and 20% respondents considered Non availability of Mineral on desired location an important factor. It can be stated that majority of investors were consider Availability of Land an important factor while investing in the State of Madhya Pradesh.



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Q.9 Result: To know whether respondents know the procedure to invest in the State of Madhya

Investment Decision	No. of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents (%)
Yes	. 20	40
No	30	60
Total	50	100

Table 10: Respondents know the procedure to invest in the State of Madhya Pradesh

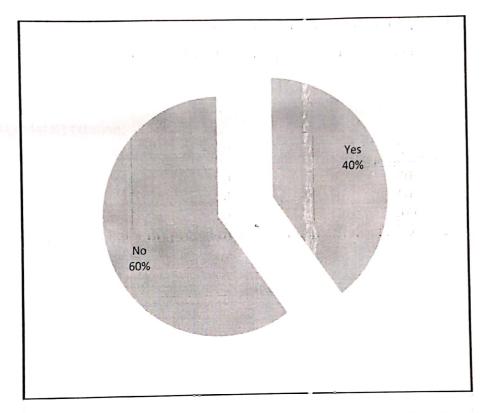


Figure 10: Respondents know the procedure to invest in the State of Madhya Pradesh

Analysis & Interpretation:

From the survey it was found that only 40% respondents knows the procedure to invest in the state and majorly 60% don't know the procedure due to lack of awareness.



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Q. 10: Rate the satisfaction with the factors that was considered while investing

Particulars	Highly Dissatisfied (1)	Dissatisfied (2)	Neutral (3)	Satisfied (4)	Highly Satisfied (5)	Summated Score
State of MP	10	6	14	30	40	384
Other States	40	32	25	15	11	262

Table 4.11 - Satisfaction factors considered while investing

Range:

Max. Score=100*5=500 (Highly Satisfied)

Avg. Score=100*3=300 (Neutral)

Min. Score=100*1=100 (Highly Dissatisfied)

Analysis & Interpretation:

Most of the respondents have given the highest summated score to investment in the State of Madhya Pradesh.

Q.11 Important Factors That Was Considered While Investing.

Particulars	Highly Dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Neutral	Satisfied	Highly Satisfied	Summated Core
Return on Investment	0	()	4.	30	66	-462
Tax benefits	0	0	18	48	34	416
Land Cost	. 0	0	20	40	40	420
Industrial Harmony	15	15	20	30	20	325

Table 4.12 - Factors While Investing

Range

Max. Score=100*5=500 (Highly Satisfied)

Avg. Score=100*3=300 (Neutral)

Min. Score=100*1=100 (Highly Dissatisfied)



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Analysis & Interpretation:

Most of the respondents have given the highest summated score to Return on investment. And the second most important factor is Land Cost which influenced the decision regarding investment. Other important factor is Tax benefit which has the 416 summated score.

4.4 Findings

- Most of the respondents have given the highest summated score to investment in the State
 of Madhya Pradesh.
- 2. There is significant difference between the amount of investment in State of Madhya Pradesh and Other States.
- 3. The awareness level about investment in is quite low in the Investors.
- Approximately 40% of respondent are aware that how to investment State of Madhya Pradesh.
- 5. Approximately 40% of respondent are invest State of Madhya Pradesh.
- Majority of respondent 60% don't invest in State of Madhya Pradesh due to the risk factor.
- 7. Maximum respondents 50% considered Safety of principal was most important factor while investing.
- 8. Maximum respondents 40% considered high risk was most important factor while investing.
- Most of the respondents have given the highest summated score to Return on Investment.
 And the second most important factor is Land cost which influenced the decision regarding investment.

Study Report 5. Chapter 31 5.1 Industrial Scenario in Madhya Pradesh 32 Key factors influencing Investment in the State of Madhya Pradesh 5.2 32 Industrial Infrastructure 33 Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC PROJECT) 5.2.2 34 Strategic location 5.2.3 35 5.2.4 Connectivity 36 Natural resource base 5.2.5 37 5.2.6 Human resource 37 5.2.7 Consumer base Peaceful lab our environment 5.2.8 Progressive policies, proactive administration and simplified procedures 5.2.9 for investment facilitation 37 5.2.10 Attractive concessions 38 5.2.11 Speed 38 5.2.12 Sector-wise Summary 38 Factors MoU take off /Failure: 5.3 39 Expected Contribution from the Study 5.4

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Chapter 5

Study Report

5.1 Industrial Scenario in Madhya Pradesh

Madhya Pradesh the second largest Indian state, covering 9.5% of the area of the country, is endowed with rich natural resources, salubrious climate and fertile agro-climatic conditions.

In the recent years, Indian economy has changed substantially. Market forces, rather than Government, have begun to dictate investment flows across the industrial sectors. In Madhya Pradesh, investors have better options in terms of project location, infrastructure, incentives and other facilities. The State Government has laid out business friendly policies for accelerating industrialization of the state.

Industry, in Madhya Pradesh, is largely natural resources driven. It has abundant natural wealth in the form of limestone, coal, Soya, cotton, bauxite, iron ore, silica and so on. The state has a strong industrial base in sectors like textile, cement, steel, Soya processing and optical fiber. Major Central public sector undertakings: BHEL, National Fertilizers Limited, Security Paper Mill, Hoshangabad, Currency Printing Press, Dewas, Alkaloid Factory Neemuch, Ordnance Factory, Itarsi, Gun Carriage Factory Jabalpur and Nepa Mills, are also located in the state.

Madhya Pradesh is rich in resources to attract investment in the State. State Government is organising National & International Investors Meet to create awareness among the inventors about resources of the Madhya Pradesh & opportunities of investment based on the resources.

Industrial Investment Promotion Assistance Scheme.

The scheme in which the VAT deposited by Industrialist is reimbursed in percentage 75/50 as per entitlement under the scheme. State level Committee shall clear the proposals received under this scheme.



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-		Large &	Medium	
SL NO	FINANCIAL YEAR	NO. OF UNITS	INVESTMENT IN CRORES	EMPLOYMENT
1	1998-1999	17	527.35	1412
2	1999-2000	18	208.79	1355
_3	2000-2001	19	300.79	2886
4	2001-2002	9	543.50	590
5	2002-2003	6	323.70	1525
6	2003-2004	5	156.00	1105
	TOTAL	74.00	2060.13	8873.0
1	2004-2005	17	380.00	1753
2	2005-2006	14	134.00	1020
3	2006-2007	15	777.00	2607
4	2007-2008	1 1	1478.00	3942
5	2008-2009	27	1866.00	4500
6	2009-2010	27	2542.00	5898
7	2010-2011	33	15204.4	10676
8	2011-2012	21	4542.97	4355
	TOTAL	165.00	26923.97	3475

Table 5.1 - Comparison - Time Line (Period)

5.2 Key factors influencing Investment in the State of Madhya Pradesh

5.2.1 Industrial Infrastructure

Madhya Pradesh has 229 Notified Industrial Areas, 19 Growth centers, four notified Special Economic Zones (SEZs) and 12 product specific industrial parks to facilitate industrial investments. Four development nodes have been identified under Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC) project with an area of 58, 562 sq. km. under planned development.

	B.T.	WBM	CLASS II	Total(in KMs)
National Highway	4722.30	-	-	4722.30
State Highways	5860.00	557.0	81.30	6499.30
Major District Road	16566.80	12892.70	2056.30	31515.80
Village Roads	3560.20	13486.20	8321.80	25368.20
TOTAL	30708	26935	10458	68101

Table 5.2 - Industrial Infrastructure - Road Classification in the State



- Rail Inland container Depots are in operation at Mandideep. Pithampur and Malanpur.
- Specialized Infrastructure as SEZ, Food parks, Readymade garment complex, Electronic Complex, Apparel Park, Pharma Zone, Stone Parks, Auto Cluster, are created to cater the the infrastructure needs of specific sector industries.
- SEZ Hargarh A Mineral specific SEZ near Jabalpur is being developed to provide infrastructure for mineral based industries.
- SEZ Umariya-Dungariya An Agro specific SEZ near Jabalpur is being developed to provide infrastructure for Agri & Food Processing Industries.

5.2.2 Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC PROJECT)

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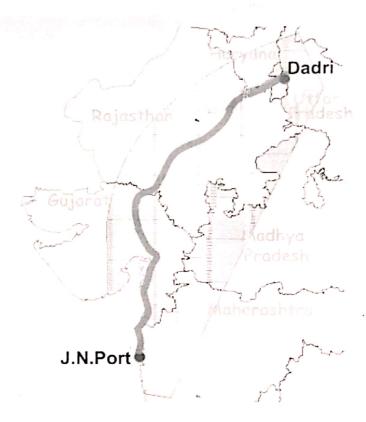


Figure 5.1- DMIC Connectivity



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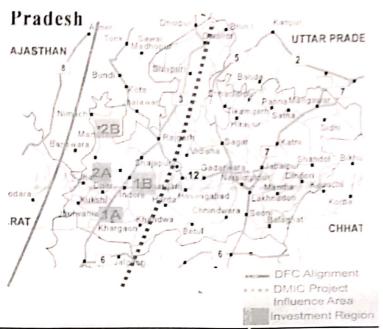


Figure 5.2- DMIC Allignment

5.2.3 Strategic location

Madhya Pradesh is located at the centre of India, within the close proximity of all major markets and tier-one cities across the country. The cluster-based development approach fosters investments in automotive, textiles and biotechnology.



Figure 5.3 – Economical View of the State



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5.2.4 Connectivity

Madhya Pradesh has a robust road network, making it an ideal destination as a centralised manufacturing and distribution hub. Around 425 trains pass through the state every day. Madhya Pradesh has two international airports at Bhopal and Indore; and three domestic airports providing excellent air connectivity.

State has one lakh kms of roads, 6500 kms of rail network and has 18000 kms of optical fibre cable network.

Transport - National Highways

Madhya Pradesh has total road length of one lakh kms. including 18 National Highways National Highways namely NH-3, NH-7, NH-12, NH-25, NH-26, NH-27, NH-59, NH-69, NH-75, NH-76, NH-78, NH-79, NH-92 are passing through the state.

	B.T.	WBM	CLASS II	Total(in KMs)
National Highway	4722.30	end her en ar halfer en solden in een dat d	-	4722.30
State Highways	5860.00	557.0	81.30	6499.30
Major District Road	16566.80	12892.70	2056.30	31515.80
Village Roads	3560.20	13486.20	8321.80	25368.20
TOTAL	30708	26935	10458	68101

Table 5.3 - Industrial Infrastructure - Roads

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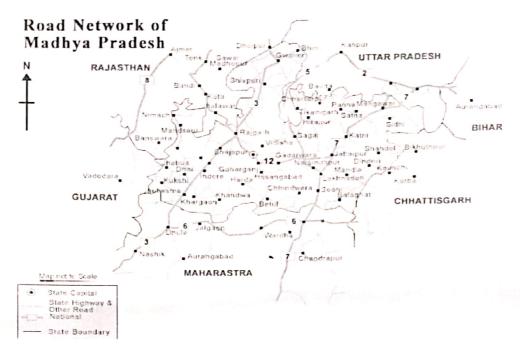


Figure 5.4 - Industrial Infrastructure - Road Network

5.2.5 Natural resource base

Probably the largest covered area by forests (27% approx.) with wide range of wood & forest produces like tendu leaf, mahua, neem etc & large number of prominent herbs are also available in abundance.

Madhya Pradesh has vast mineral deposits of Diamonds, Coal, Limestone, Copper Ore, Manganese, Pyrophyllite, Diaspore and Slate.

Madhya Pradesh is one of the leading states in the country in mineral production.

The output of major minerals was:

Limestone	22.31 m.
Diamonds	40668 carats.
Iron-ore	92 thousand tonne.
Manganese ore	326 thousand tonne.
Bauxite	248 thousand tonne.
Copper ore	74 thousand tonne.
Rock-phosphate	155 thousand tonne.
Dolomite	103 thousand tonne.
Coal	43.0 m. tonnes.

Table 5.4 - Major minerals



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5.2.6 Human resource

The state enjoys robust educational infrastructure with 222 Engineering colleges, 218 Management institutes along with Hospitality, Agribusiness and Law institutes. Institutes of repute such as Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) and Indian Institute of Management (IIM) are present in the state.

5.2.7 Consumer base

Madhya Pradesh has a population of over 70 million. The state has decadal urbanization growth rate of 26% with bigger cities growing as high as 40%. Bhopal, Indore, Gwalior and Jabalpur are the key growth centers of the state.

5.2.8 Peaceful labour environment

Madhya Pradesh has a harmonious industrial work culture and the numbers of man-days lost are amongst the lowest in India.

5.2.9 Progressive policies, proactive administration and simplified procedures for investment facilitation

The government of Madhya Pradesh has introduced several investor-friendly policies and created single window secretariat, MPTRIFAC for smooth facilitation of investment process in the state.

5.2.10 Attractive concessions

Industrial Units setup in the State are offered various attractive concessions like Industrial Investment Promotion Assistance (VAT & CST refund scheme), Entry tax exemption, Exemption from stamp duty, Land on concessional rates, Project report cost reimbursement, Interest subsidy (for SSIs only), Mandi tax exemption, Reimbursement for quality certification, Reimbursement for obtaining patent, Policy package for revival of Sick/Closed Large and Medium Industries, Policy package for revival of Small Scale Industries etc.



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Mega projects having investment more than Rs. 25 crores in fixed assets (Rs. 10.00 crores for food processing industries) can seek customized package of concessions and facilitation from State Government through Apex Level Investment Promotion Empowered Committee under the Chairmanship of H'ble Chief Minister, Govt. of Madhya Pradesh.

Investors interested in making investments in the state may seek in principle approvals in advance from Project Clearance & Implementation Board (PCIB) headed by Chief Secretary, Govt. of Madhya Pradesh.

5.2.11 Speed:

Time bound Clearances Efficiency:

Simplification of procedures and transparency Commitment: An investor friendly and facilitative environment

5.2.12 Sector-wise Summary

Investment Proposals Total Proposals: 975

Investment: Rs. 3,73,883 Crore

Employment: 20,93,092 MSME 113 Proposals, Rs. 670 Crore Others: Sahara: 12,000 Crore

Reliance: 20,000 Crore, Essel Infra: 35,000 Crore, .It is among the fastest growing states in India; gross state domestic product (GSDP) grew at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 15.7 per cent during 2004-05 to 2012-13.

5.3 Factors MoU take off /Failure:

The rate of cancellation/ Non implementation of MoU

- 1. Non Availability of Land
- 2. Economic slow down
- 3. Financial Management

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- 4. Non availability of raw material
- 5. Minning Lease

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- 6. Allocation of Coal Block
- 7. Non availability of Mineral on desired location
- 8. Approval of place on environmental ground
- Due to Forest Land cover in some of the Project required NoC and approval from Govt. Of India
- 10. Various other factors related to investors company.

5.4 Expected Contribution from the Study:

The investing company may make its overseas investment in a number of ways - either by setting up a subsidiary or associate company in the foreign country, by acquiring shares of an overseas company, or through a merger or joint venture.

The accepted threshold for a foreign direct investment relationship, as defined by the OECD, is 10%. That is, the foreign investor must own at least 10% or more of the voting stock or ordinary shares of the investee company.

Contribute ideas and suggestions to investors related with State of Madhya Pradesh Investment culture at all levels and thereby improve performance level of facilitators.

Help team and departments to identify, access, manage and improve relationships and increase efficiency at all levels.

6. Chapter

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Conclusions

6.1	Results and	Discussions
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6.2 Scope for further research

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Chapter 6 Conclusion

The present study endeavored to give a look on behavior of investors towards investment avenues.

The different avenues can be preferred provided it is put forth before new investors in different sectoral investors in the desired form.

Facts revealed in this study highlight the perception

of varied group investors who desire to invest in different avenues, high returns and growth prospect.

Survey findings of this study have got significant managerial implications that can be used by investment companies in restructuring their existing practices and finally innovating new ways of service delivery.

6.1 Results and Discussions

After fact finding techniques and implementation of the results, it was found that Companies are more interested in investment in the State of Madhya Pradesh due to Significant advantages in all the sectors.

In future, updations of the research depend on the number of respondents. These results are found with the help of primary data collection through handmade questionnaire with statistical analysis.

According to the findings it was revealed that null hypothesis is rejected as there is a significant difference between the perceptions of different groups towards investment avenues. That means that investors belonging to different groups have different behavior while doing investment and there selection of any investment avenue highly dependent.

6.2 Scope for further research

In this research, impact of groups has been found out. The impact of other demographics can also be researched.

Relation between various factors can also be researched.

Limitations 7. Chapter V O C S V --



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Chapter 7

Limitations

Limitations of the Study

As no study can be considered as fully reliable at one glance, there are a number of uncontrollable factors acting as limitations in conducting the study, some of such limitations encountered by me in our study are -

- 1. Non availability of secondary data compelled me to start from the very minute information
- 2. Respondents gave biased responses for fear of their position in the company. This may have influenced the results.
- 3. Some people at top level were afraid and showed complete reluctance to give responses to some questions.
- 4. Scant and adequate secondary data on Investment in MP was available
- 5. This study does not take companies who are the part of the industry but are small & medium players.
- 6. This study does not cover many important Sectors.
- 7. Various analyses carried out from the basic data available from MPSIDC which may not cover picture of whole scenario.

The findings of this study are to be accepted with several limitations since limitations of a study can be viewed directions for future research on the subject.

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8. (Cha	pter Recommenda	tions
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	8.2	Growth Potential Story	42
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	8.5	MOU signed	45
	8.6	Implementation of MOU	46
	8.7	Sector wise Analysis - Investment Scenario	48
	8.8	Status of MOU	49

The rate of cancellation/ Non implementation of MoU

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Chapter 8

Recommendations

8.1 Road Ahead

For India to grow at 8-9 per cent in the future, the growth has to come through sustained growth in manufacturing, particularly labour-intensive manufacturing, highlighted Dr Manmohan Singh., at the meeting of the high-level committee on manufacturing.

A report by CRISIL estimated that the Indian economy will grow at a higher rate of 6.7 per cent during 2013-14 due to revival in consumption.

More so, the Government projects the Indian infrastructure landscape to attract investments worth Rs 49,000 billion (US\$ 803.28 billion) during the 12th Five Year Plan period (2012-17), with at least 50 per cent funding from the private sector.

Exchange Rate Used: INR 1 = 0.01638 as on August 12, 2013.

References: Ministry of Finance, Press Information Bureau (PIB), Media Report, Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP), Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

8.2 Growth Potential Story

India has a market potential of €2 billion (US\$ 2.66 billion) for setting up high-voltage transmission lines by 2018, as per Alstom. The high-voltage direct current (HVDC) market is estimated at €50 billion (US\$ 66.47 billion) in the next 10 years, and Alstom is targetting a 20 per cent market share.

Private equity (PE) firms are keen to invest Rs 122.80 billion (U\$ 2 billion) in the real estate market in India, according to a report by Cushman & Wakefield. PE investments in real estate was recorded at Rs 16.38 billion (US\$ 266.81 million) in H1 2013 The growing stability of the market is reflected by the continuous growth of the core investors, with over Rs 77.05 billion



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(US\$ 1.25 billion) invested in ready office space during the last three years.

The greenfield investments by automobile manufacturers in India may entail total investments worth Rs 70 billion (US\$ 1.47 billion) to be incurred by auto component manufacturers over the next three years, according to a study by ICRA

The *logistics* sector of India is valued at Rs 6.73 trillion (US\$ 110 billion) and is expected to touch Rs 12.24 trillion (US\$ 200 billion) by 2020. The sector is will double its growth in seven years from the present growth rate of 15 per cent.

The Government of India encouraged the agrochemicals industry to invest in research and development (R&D) and innovations. Agrochemicals are recognized as an essential input for increasing agricultural production and preventing crop loss before and after harvesting.

The Government of India's decision to allow foreign direct investment (FDI) through automatic route in power exchanges, while retaining the cap at 49 per cent, will open up opportunities for overseas players to participate in the growth and development of the sector, especially the power exchanges.

India witnessed 73.5 million mobile handset shipments for the January-April 2013 period. Also, smart phones to a tune of 9.4 million were shipped into India, registering a growth of 167.3 per cent on an annual basis.

The risk and procurement analytics sector in India is expected to grow from the present Rs 61.24 trillion (US\$ 1 billion) to Rs 183.72 trillion (US\$ 3 billion) in 6-7 years, according to a report by National Association of Software and Services Companies (Nasscom). In addition, Nasscom



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expects the IT services sector in India to grow by 13-14 per cent in 2013-14 and to touch Rs 13.79 trillion (US\$ 225 billion) by 2020.

The enterprise software market in India is expected to reach Rs 240.66 billion (US\$ 3.92 billion) in 2013, registering a growth of 13.9 per cent over 2012 revenue of US\$ 3.45 billion, according to Gartner.

The prime office space segment across key cities—Mumbai, the National Capital Region (NCR), Pune and Bengaluru—in India witnessed a fresh supply infusion of more than 20 million square feet (sq ft) in the first six months of 2013, witnessing a growth of 16 per cent on y-o-y basis, as per a report titled the India Office Market View Q2 2013 by CBRE.

As the healthcare coverage across the country increases, the industry is expected to register a CAGR of 12 per cent to reach Rs 4,200 billion (US\$ 68.46 billion) in 2015-16, as per data released by VCCEdge.

8.3 Future Vision

In next 10 years if things go according to plan the area under Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor is expected to full fill following objectives:

- The Western part of Madhya Pradesh comprising of Indore, Dewas, Ujjain, Ratlam, Nagda & Maksi etc. are getting connected to Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor.
- The corridor is linked to Direct Freight Rail Corridor (DFC) between New Delhi to Mumbai to ensure that the finished products reach various sea ports on the way with a lead time of 24-48 hrs.
- The total expenditure infrastructure in Madhya Pradesh is expected to be Rs. 45000 Cr (\$10 billion) which shall be incurred in next 7-9 years.



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In order to take full advantage of power enhancement the government shall have to improve its roads and sea port connectivity. Irrigations methods have to be improved to curtail usage of water per ton of agriculture produce. The avoid water crisis, the state needs a policy vision for water management spelling out in detailed strategies for effective use of water.

8.4 MOU Culture

In order to extend the best possible help and support and pro active facilitation to a potential investor. State Government or the investor himself may request each other to enter in to an memorandum of understanding (MOU) MOU is a tool by which both the agencies i.e. State Government and the Investor show their expression of interest for achieving the investment plan. In an MOU where, State Government shows commitment to facilitate the project, the investor reveals its investment plans.

8.5 MOU signed:

The details of the MOU signed during the various investors meet held with the current states are as under:-

	Total	320 MOU	424098.00-**-
9	Others (Bhopal)	07 MOU	9157.00 -"-
8	Others (Energy)	13 MOU	58377.00 -"-
7	MOU Signed in Foreign Countries	19 MOU	1100.00 -"-
6	Bina Refinery & Hindalco May 05	02 MOU	18078.00 -"-
5	Gwalior Investor Meet- 29-30 July 2008	62 MOU	88018.00 -"-
4	Sagar Investor Meet- 11 April 2008	36 MOU	30698.00 -"-
3	Jabalpur Meet- 15-16 Feb, 2008	61 MOU	59129.00
2	Indore Global Meet-26-27 Oct. 2007	102 MOU	120541.00
I.	Khajuraho Meet - 15-16 Jan. 2007	18 MOU	39000.00 Crore:

Table 8.1 - MOU signed during the various investors Meets



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8.6 Implementation of MOU

12 projects worth Rs 1486 crores started production.

20 projects worth Rs 40995 crores started construction.

247 projects worth Rs 351993 crores showing interest.

25 projects worth Rs 5136 crores not showing interest.

16 projects worth Rs 24488 crores of MOU cancelled.

From the year 1998-2002, 45 Large & Medium Scale Industry with an investment of Rs 622.93 crores were set up in the state with an overall employment to around 4134 people.

The year wise details are as under:-

Year	Large & Medium Scale Industry	Investment	Employment
		(In Rs. Crores)	
1998-99	14	317.02	1416
1999-00	12	110.06	1087
2000-01	11	140.71	1232
2001-02	6	41.68	345
2002-03	2	13.46	54
Total	=SUM(ABOVE) 45	=SUM(ABOVE) 622.93	=SUM(ABOVE) 4134

Table 8.2 - Year 1998-2002- 45 LMI - investment of Rs 622.93 crores - employment 4134

From the year 2003-2008, 89 Large & Medium Scale Industry with an investment of Rs 4791.74 crores were set up in the state with an overall employment to around 14927 people.

The year wise details are as under:-



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Year	Large & Medium Scale Industry	Investment (In Rs. Crores)	Employment
2003-04	5	156.09	1105
2004-05	17	380.40	1753
2005-06	14	134.40	1020
2006-07	15	776.60	2607
2007-08	11	1478.22	3942
2008-09	27	1866.03	4500
Total	=SUM(ABOVE) 89	=SUM(ABOVE) 4791.74	=SUM(ABOVE) 14927

Table 8.3 Year 2003-2008, 89 LMI -Investment of Rs 4791.74 Cr employment – 14927

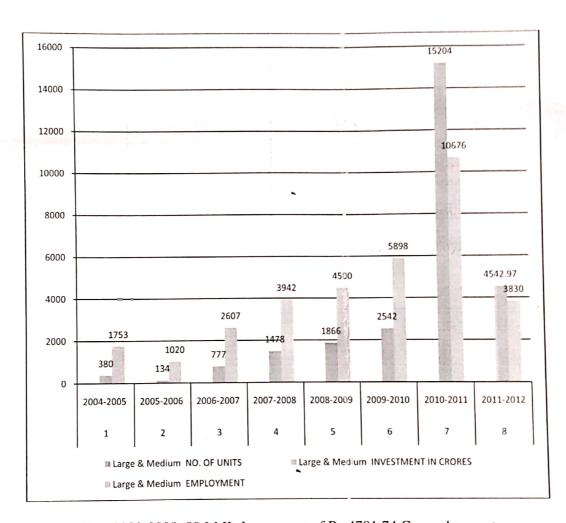
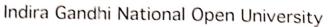
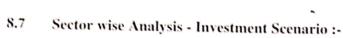


Figure 8.1-Year 2003-2008, 89 LMI -Investment of Rs 4791.74 Cr employment - 14927





The status of the project with investment in different sectors in Madhya Pradesh are as follows:

Sector	Nos	Rs. Cr	US \$ billion (approx)
Manufacturing	123	66843	13.92
Mining	36	8220	1.71
Power	64	172444	35.92
Services	280	29514	6.14
Irrigation	40	9995	2.49
Real Estate	20	31782	6,62
	564	318798	66.80

Table 8.4 - Sector wise Analysis - Investment Scenario

Implementation of MOU Department wise:

Sr.No.	Department Name	No.	Investment (In Crores)
1	Commerce, Industry & Employment Department	181	224185
2	IT Department	20	7597
3	Energy Dept	38	177325
4	Higher Education Dept	17	4131
5	Health Dept	4 :	1685
6	Agro & Food Processing	- 53	5733
7	other	5	2585
8	other	2	857
		=SUM(ABOVE) 320	=SUM(ABOVE) 424098

Table 8.5 - Implementation of MOU Department wise

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8.8 Status of MOU:

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Sr.No.	Status	No	Investment (In Crores)
1	Started Production	12	1486
2	started construction	20	40995
	Initial Implementation like applied for PL/ML and received PL/ML, land identification, gone for approval from		
3	Govt Of India applied for water	77	157518
4	Survey work, looking for area for PL, identifying land etc.	170	194475
5	Initially started the work but now not showing interest	25	5136
6	MOU cancelled	16	24488
	Total	320	424098

Table 8.6 - Status of MOU

	Large & Medium				
SL NO	FINANCIAL YEAR	NO. OF UNITS	INVESTMENT IN CRORES	EMPLOYMENT	
1	2004-2005	17	380	1753	
2	2005-2006	14	134	1020	
3	2006-2007	15	777	2607	
4	2007-2008	11	1478	3942	
5	2008-2009	27	1866	4500	
6	2009-2010	27	2542	5898	
7	2010-2011	33	15204	10676	
8	2011-2012	21	4542.97	3830	

Table 8.7 - Status of MOU – Units, Investment and Employment



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Large & Medium					
SLNO	FINANCIAL YEAR	NO. OF UNITS	INVESTMENT IN CRORES	EMPLOYMENT	
1	1998-1999	17	527.35	1412	
2	1999-2000	18	208.79	1355	
3	2000-2001	19	300.79	2886	
4	2001-2002	9	543.50	590	
5	2002-2003	6	323.70	1525	
6	2003-2004	5	156.00	1105	
	TOTAL	74.00	2060.13	8873.00	
1	2004-2005	17	380.00	1753	
2	2005-2006	14	134.00	1020	
3	2006-2007	15	777.00	2607	
4	2007-2008	11	1478.00	3942	
5	2008-2009	27	1866.00	4500	
6	2009-2010	27	2542.00	5898	
7	2010-2011	33	15204.4	10676	
8	2011-2012	21	4542.97	4355	
	TOTAL	165.00	26923.97	34751	

Table 8.8 - Time Line comparasion MOU - Units, Investment and Employment

Economy of Madhya Pradesh was considered as one of the most "sick" economies of India till 2003, after 2005 it registered consistent growth rate and it reached India's top-most state in terms of GDP growth, with a rate of 10.2% GDP for annual year 2011–12. Madhya Pradesh has received award from Hon'ble President of India - Shri Pranab Mukharjee, in January 2013 for improving its tourism, medical and infrastructural growth. After Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh is now the second preferred state for the corporate world to get their industries set up.

8.9 The rate of cancellation/ Non implementation of MoU

- Non Availability of Land
- 2. Economic slow down
- Financial Management
- 4. Non availability of raw material
- Mining Lease
- Allocation of Coal Block
- Non availability of Mineral on desired location
- Approval of place on environmental ground
- Due to Forest Land cover in some of the Project required NoC and approval from Govt. Of India
- Various other factors related to investors company.



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Chapter 9

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Government of Madhya Pradesh

Department of Commerce, Industry & Employment Madhya Pradesh State Industrial Development Corporation Madhya Pradesh Road Development Corporation Limited Madhya Pradesh SEZ Project

Annexures



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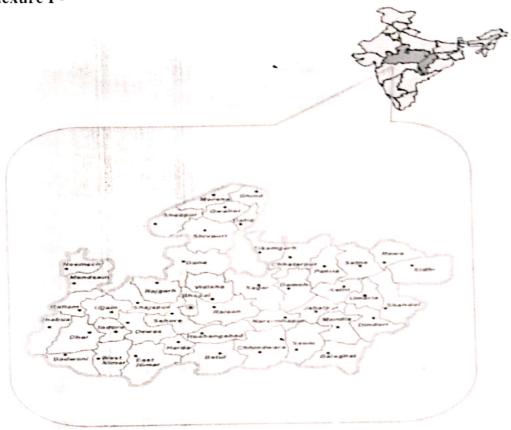
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Annexure I -

M P at a Glance



- Madhya Pradesh was originally the largest state in India antil November 1, 2000 when the state of Chhattisgarh was carved out of the same.
- The State shares borders with Rajasthan, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra.
- The state is divided into 48 districts (272 tehsils and 313 community blocks).
- Forest area of the state constitutes 31 per cent of the area of the total state area and 12.44 per cent of the total forest area of India.
- The state's central location gives it the advantage of being the hub of India's national logistics network.
- MP's administrative capital is Bhopal and its largest city is Indore



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Annexure I I

Questionnaire

Dear Respondent,

I am Rajeev Prakash Shrivastava an MBA student doing my MS -100 Research Methodology project on this topic "Role of MPSIDC in building Investment culture in the state of Madhya Pradesh."

This questionnaire is a tool for collection of data regarding the project. This information provided by you will be used for research purpose only and will not be used anywhere else. You are required to fill up questionnaire.

Questionnaire Instructions

- 1. This Questionnaire has been designed and updated subsequently.
- 2. The purpose of the Questionnaire is to provide a standard document for use by all investors.
- 3. The accompanying Excel data spreadsheet is optional.
- 4. The questions are of a general nature.
- 5. While detailed information should be provided, concise answers are strongly encouraged and bullet points are acceptable.
- 6. Please do not provide any marketing information. A clear factual description of your operations without unnecessary embellishment is required to enable the user to make an objective assessment.
- 7. If you have any difficulty completing this questionnaire please contact me.
- 8. This Questionnaire has been prepared in good faith. I do not assume any duty of care or other responsibility to any person for the contents of this Questionnaire.



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Questionnaire

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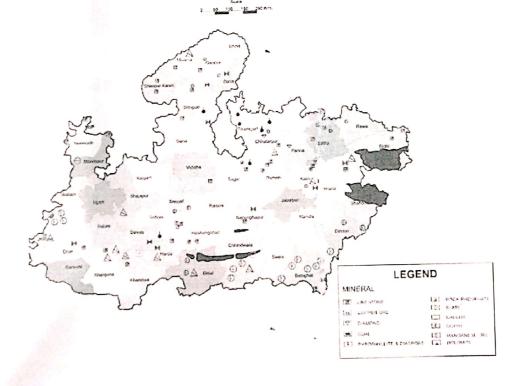
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Annexure III

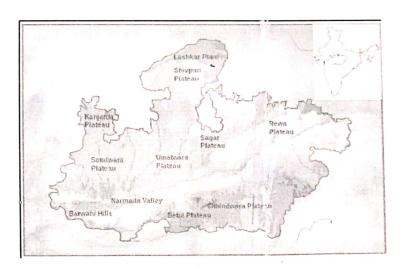
Maps



IMPORTANT MINERALS OF MADHYA PRADESH









Madhya Pradesh at a Glance - Industrial Centres in Madhya Pradesh

Parameters	Madhya Pradesh
Capital	Bhopal
Geographical area (sq km)	308,000
Administrative districts (No)	50
Population density (persons per sq km)*	236
Total population (million)*	72.5
Male population (million)*	37.6
Female population (million)*	34.9
Sex ratio (females per 1,000 males)*	930
Literacy rate (%)*	70.6

Sources. Government of Madhya Pradesh Website, www.mp.gov.in, *Provisional Data – Census 2011



Annexure IV

Snapshot – Data Collection Form

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SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY GUIDELINES FOR PROJECT COURSE (MS-100)

Student can take up Project Course only after having registered for the courses MS-1 to MS-11 and MS-95. For registration purposes the project course is treated as one course, and the fee is ₹2000/- (equivalent to two courses).

Objective

The objective of the project course is to help the student develop ability to apply multi-disciplinary concepts, tools and techniques to solve organisational problems.

2) Type of Project

The project may be from any one of the following types and preferably from your area of specialisation:

- Comprehensive case study (covering single organisation/multifunctional area problem, formulation, analysis
 and recommendations).
- Inter-organisational study aimed at inter-organisational comparison/validation of theory/survey of management practices.
- iii) Field study (empirical study).

PROJECT PROPOSAL (SYNOPSIS)

3) Proposal Formulation

Proposal of the project should be prepared in consultation with the guide and be sent to THE CO-ORDINATOR (Projects), School of Management Studies, IGNOU, Maidan Garhi, New Delhi-110068.

The Proposal must have the following components:

- a) Proper Project Proposal Proforma duly signed by the student and the guide with dates.
- b) Bio-data of the Guide- A detailed biodata of the guide (duly signed, in original, by the guide along with date).

The biodata of the guide must have the following information in absolutely unambiguous manner:

- Name and Date of Birth of the guide.
- Full Address and contact numbers of residence and current work place.
- Detailed Educational Qualifications- clearly mentioning the Degrees (with specialisation), name and address
 of the University/ Institution and the year of award of degree/qualification.
- Detailed work experience, stated clearly in chronological order having details of the Designation, period, name and contactable address of the organisations.
- Any other information relevant for assessment of the eligibility of the guide. You may also attach current business card of the proposed guide.

c) The Proposal of the proposed Project

- Introduction, brief background and Rationale of the topic chosen for the project.
- ii) Statement of the problem.
- iii) Objectives (clearly stated in behavioural terms).
- iv) Research Methodology:
 - Research Design
 - Nature and source of data/information.
 - Sample and sampling technique. Rationale of chosen organisation and the sample.

- Tools and Techniques to be used for data collection details of the tools/questionnaire to be used and its relevance with the objectives of the project.
- Method/s to be used for data collection.
- Data handling and analysis- organisation and analysis of data. Statistical tools to be used for analysis. Relevance of statistical tools with the objectives of the project.
- Findings and conclusions.
- v) Limitation of the proposed project, if any.
- vi) Future direction for further research (optional).
- vii) Any other relevant detail which will help better appreciation and understanding of the project proposal.

4) Eligible Project Guide

- Management Faculty at the Headquarters (School of Management Studies).
- ii) Academic Counsellors of Management Programme having relevant experience.
- Teacher in Management having 5 years of PG teaching experience / Professionals holding Masters' degree in Management or allied disciplines having a minimum of 5 years of experience in the relevant area. [In exceptional cases, a guide with a B.E. degree and 5 years of relevant experience may also be considered].

Please note that spouse, direct relatives, and blood relations are not permitted to be the guide.

In case the proposed guide is not approved by the Faculty, the student shall be advised so, and in such cases the student should change the guide and submit the project proposal afresh with the signature of the new guide, as it will be considered as a new proposal.

Similarly if a student wants to change his/her guide for any reason, s/he would be required to submit the project proposal along with the signature of the new guide on a new project proposal proforma, as it would be considered as a new proposal.

In case of academic counsellors, it should be clearly mentioned as to which are the courses s/he is counselling for, and since when, along with the name and code of the study centre, s/he is attached with. The project guide will be paid a token honorarium of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}}$ 300/- by the University for guiding the student.

At any given point of time a guide cannot guide more than five students.

Note: Students are advised to select guides who are active professionals in the relevant area of the selected topic, i.e. if the topic is in the area of Finance, the guide should be a specialist in Finance and so on. Project Guides are also requested to restrict guiding projects in their core specialisation area only.

5) Project Proposal Submission and Approval

After selection of the guide and finalising the topic, student should send the Project Proposal Proforma along with one copy of the proposal and Bio-data of the guide to The Coordinator (Projects), School of Management Studies, IGNOU, Maidan Garhi, New Delhi-110068 for approval.

Proposals incomplete in any respect will not be accepted. Students are advised to retain a copy of the proposal. Proposals not accompanying a complete and signed Bio-Data of guide (as per details given above) will not be considered.

Project Proposal can be submitted throughout the year.

6) Communication of Approval

A written communication regarding the approval/non-approval of the project proposal will be sent to the student within three months (excluding the vacation period of the faculty) of the receipt of the proposal in the School.

7) Resubmission of Project Proposal

In case of non-approval of the proposal the comments/suggestions for reformulating the project proposal will be communicated to the student. In such case the revised project proposal should be submitted along with fresh project proposal proforma and a copy of the rejected proposal and project proposal proforma bearing the comments of the evaluator and P.P. No. (Project Proposal Number) allotted by the School of Management Studies.

PROJECT REPORT

8) Formulation

The length of the report may be about 50 to 60 double spaced typed pages not exceeding approximately 18,000 words (excluding appendices and exhibits). However 10% variation on either side is permissible.

The Project Report must have the following:

- Cover Page must have the name and enrolment no. of the student and the name of the guide, along with the title of the Project.
- Detailed tables of contents with page nos.
- All pages of the Project Report must be numbered as reflected in the table of contents.
- Approved Proposal (i.e. Project Proposal, approved proforma and biodata of the guide) properly bound in the project and not just stapled. Please note that project with stapled Proposal will not be accepted.
- Certificate of originality- duly signed by the student and the guide with dates. anzof agzot confect?

Introduction to the Project and Review of Literature

- Rationale
- Statement of problem
- Objectives of the Project
- Scope of the study

Research Methodology:

- Research Design
- Nature and Source of data/information
- Sample and Sampling method with rationale
- Details of the tools:
 - The Questionnaire and other methods used and their purpose
 - Reliability and Validity of the tools used
 - Administration of tools and techniques
- Data collection
- Data Handling, Statistical tools used for Data Analysis
- Data Interpretation and Findings
- Recommendations
- Summary and Conclusion
- Limitations of the Project
- Direction for further research
- Reference/Bibliography
- Annexures/Appendices (Questionnaire used etc.)

Note: Research Methodology of the Project Report must have elaborate detail of all the components of the methodology.

9) Submission of Project Report

One typed copy of the project report is to be submitted to the Registrar (SED), IGNOU, Maidan Garḥi, New Delhi-110 068. As soon as you submit the Project Report, a P.R. No. would be allotted. Student should quote this P.R.No. while corresponding with Registrar(SED) regarding Project Report.

Project Report can be submitted any time throughout the year.

Note: 1) If a Project Report is submitted between 1st December to 31st May, then the result will be declared along with June Term-end examinations.

 If a Project Report is submitted between 1st June to 30th November, then the result will be declared along with December Term-end examinations.

10) Viva-Voce

A student may be asked to appear for a Viva-Voce, if the evaluator so recommends. In that case, student will be duly intimated about it.

11) Enquiries

Enquiries regarding the approval of Project Proposal should be addressed to The Coordinator (Projects), School of Management Studies, IGNOU, Maidan Garhi, New Delhi-110 068 and regarding Project Reports, it should be addressed to the Registrar (SED), IGNOU, Maidan Garhi, New Delhi-110068.

SOME IMPORTANT NOTES WHILE PREPARING THE PROJECT PROPOSAL

- i) Send only one copy of the Project Proposal, and retain a copy with you.
- ii) "MS-100" should be written prominently on the envelope and should be addressed to

The Coordinator (Projects), School of Management Studies, IGNOU, Maidan Garhi, New Delhi-110 068.

- iii) Ensure the inclusion of the following while submitting the Proposal:
 - a) Proforma for Approval of Project Proposal, duly filled in and signed by both, the student and the guide along with date.
 - b) Detailed Bio-data of the guide duly signed by him/her. (Bio-data of the guide should have all the details as explained in para 3(b) above).
 - c) Proposal of the Project- having all the components as explained in para 3 above.

SOME IMPORTANT NOTES WHILE PREPARING THE PROJECT REPORT

- The Project Report should be submitted in original in A-4 Size (29 x 20 cm), typed in double space, in a bound volume to the Registrar (SED) of the University by Registered/Speed Post/by hand.
- ii) Before binding the Project report the student should ensure that it contains the approved Project Proposal Proforma along with Approved Proposal, bio-data of the guide, and an originality certificate duly signed by the Student and Guide (Proforma enclosed).
 - If any Project Report is received in the absence of the above inclusions, the same will be returned to the students for compliance.
- iii) Kindly mention on the top of the envelope "PROJECT REPORT-MP". This will facilitate sorting out Project Reports received in SE Division for various Programmes.
- iv) Students should keep a copy of the Project Report with them. The Project Report will not be returned to the student after evaluation.

CERTIFICATE OF ORIGINALITY

This is to certify that the project titled "	
Student and is being submitted in partial fulfillment for the award of Administration of Indira Gandhi National Open University. This reportither to this University or to any other University/Institution for the a course of study.	the Master's Degree in Business rt has not been submitted earlier
SIGNATURE OF GUIDE	SIGNATURE OF STUDENT
Place :	Place:
Date:	Date:

MBA	MBA
	(B&F)

School of Management Studies INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY Proforma for Approval of Project Proposal (MS-100)

Enrolment No.	and the second s	Study Centre Code
		Regional Centre Code
Name of the Student:		
Address of the Student	:	
Email Address :		
Fitle of the Project:		
Subject Area :		HRM / Finance / Operations / Marketing / General Management.
Name of the guide :		
Address of the guide :		
Is the Guide an Acader	nic Counsellor of Ma	unagement Programme of IGNOU? Yes/No
If Yes, Name and Code Centre, the courses s/h counselling, and perio	e is	
No. of Students curren under the supervisor fo		
Signature of Student		Signature of Guide
Date:		Date :
Please do not forget to	o enclose the Project	t Proposal and signed Bio-data of the guide.
ry glassoger na nem den di den museum en		For Office Use only
Proposal	Guide	
Approved	Approved	(CICNATURE OF VIVI OF VIVI
Not Approved	Not Approved	(SIGNATURE OF MANAGEMENT FACULTY)
		Date

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INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY REGIONAL CENTRE, BHOPAL 12, ARERA HILLS, BHOPAL -- 462011, MADHYA PRADESH

Sub: Re-Registration for the semester commencing JULY 2014 for MP, MCA & BCA(pre-revised).

Dear Student,

As per the provisions laid down in the Student Handbook & Prospectus, you are required to submit your Reregistration form for the semester commencing January 2014 along with requisite fee at this REGIONAL CENTRE, BHOPAL as per schedule given below. A copy of the Re-registration form which you are required to fill-up and submit to the undersigned, as per below schedule, is enclosed.

S.No.	July Session	Late Fee
1.	1" Feb. to 31" March	Nil
2.	1" April to 30 April	Rs.200/-
3	1" May to 31" May	Rs.500/-
4	1" June to 20th June	Rs.1000/-

The Programme fee is payable by means of Bank Draft drawn from any Scheduled Bank in favour of IGNOU payable at BHOPAL. To ensure proper credit to your fee account, you should write your name, correct enrolment number and programme code on the back of your Bank draft. In case you have already paid the fee for the semester commencing January 2014, the details may please be indicated in the enclosed form.

The schedule of fee to be submitted with Re-Registration form (RR Form) is as under:

Course	Fre
BCA	Rs. 5,000/- per semester (pre-revised syllabus*)
MCA	Rs. 9,000/- per semester (for revised syllabus students only**)
MBA	Rs.1,500/- per course (a candidate can opt up to four courses
	in a semester). Fee for MS-100 is Rs.3000/- and for registration
	purpose MS-100 is treated as one course.

It may be noted that in case you fail to submit re-registration form within the due dates, you will not be allowed to pursue your studies for the semester commencing JULY 2014.

Students of MP may please note that the work pertaining to change of course has been decentralized to the Regional Centres (fee Rs.1500/- per course). Further, a student can submit only one RR Form for a given session/semester.

Consequent upon fixing of 'Maximum duration' of 8 years in Management Programmes, the validity of reregistration of the courses being done for July 2014 session by the students of Jan.2007, July 2007 & Jan.2008 batches will be reduced to ONE, TWO & THREE semesters respectively, as against the normal four semesters.

To The Regional Director Indira Gandhi National Open University 12, Arera Hills, Bhopal – 462011, Madhya Pradesh Yours sincerely.

Sd/-

REGIONAL DIRECTOR

*BCA(revised syllabus) students registered in July 2011/ Jan.2012/ July 2012/ Jan.2013/ July 2013/ Jan.2014 batches are required to fill-up another RR Form devised for them. They should not fill this RR form, which is meant for the students of pre-revised sylb.(registered pre-July 2011).

Besides, Pre-revised syllabus students of pre-Jan.2009 batches at not at all eligible for RR in July 2014.

**MCA (old sytb.) has been wound-up, hence no Re-registration permitted.

PS: Students are compulsorily required to fill-up the statistical information in the enclosed Annexure-I.



INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY REGIONAL CENTRE, BHOPAL

12, ARERA HILLS, BHOPAL – 462011, MADHYA PRADESH RE-REGISTRATION/COURSE OPTION FORM

For BCA/MCA/MP-Session JULY 2014

and RE-ADMISSION FORM FOR MP Send this filled-in form along with fee to:

The Regional Director IGNOU Regional Centre 12, Arera Hills, Bhopal -462011, Madhya Pradesh

* as per schedule

opt for the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following courses and enclose a Demont Design to the following course and enclose a Demont Design to the Enclose and enclose a Demont Design to	
t opt for the following courses and enclose a Demand Draft towards the course fee as per details given beloc (For details of courses on offer, please see overleaf).	W;
of courses on offer, please see overleaf).	

	Name of Student					******************	-	AND RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
	in block letters	-	New Restaura and Constitution of Constitution of Constitution and Constitution of Constitution	AMENO TO THE GRANT OF THE STREET SHAPE			0.1/-	
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	Diploma Code for	: MBA degree	,	, ,	1	Am	ount Rs. :	the signature of the section of the
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	3.						Rs.	
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						applicable	Rs.	
No	te: 1.A student can ren	mit the fee pe	rtaining to one sem	es ter only at a tin				oted for a
	given semester.							
	r MP students only:		- 4 C	DI-1				
2.	A student should opt for registers for the first	course of spe	e the Specialisation	i Diploma of his/he	the Specialisation	already don	e, as soon	as he/she
	above. The option one	ce exercised s	shall be final. If no	specialisation is in	dicated in item	5 above. Un	iversity sha	all register
	you for specialisation a	irea on the bas	sis of first course opt	ed from specialisat	ion stream. No	hange wou	ld be perm	issible at
	subsequent stage.			Comment				
3.	A student can opt up to) lour course	s in a given session.	courses already of	opted need not b	be repeated	unless the v	validity of
	registration of such a c	course has aire	sady expired ruriner	, a student can	submit only	one RR I	form for	a given
4.	session. For registra A course once selected	for study mu	st be successfully co	mpleted within 4	semesters. In a	e for MS-1	00 is Rs.	3000/
◄.	will be required to seek	CRE-ADMIS	SION by paying a fe	e of Rs.1500/- per	course, as per se	chedule give	n below	ne student
5.	Request for change of	course should	be submitted to the	RC, as per schedule	e (fee @Rs.1500	/- per cours	(e)	
6.	MBA old students initia	lly registered	up to JULY 2006 c	ycle of admission a	re <u>not eligible f</u>	or Re-regis	tration in	JULY
7	2014 session. The validity of registrat	tion of the cor	urses being done in	IULY 2014 sessio	n by the old stu	lants of Iom	2007 1-1-	2007.0
7.	Jan.2008 batches will b	be reduced to	ONE, TWO & THE	EEE semesters resp	pectively, as aga	inst the nor	.2007, July mal four se	2007 &
	due to fixing of Maxim	um duration	of 8 (eight) years in	Management Prog	rammes.		Tour se	inesters
			Signature o	of the Student w	ith date			
			Address:					
			Mobile No					
				& E-mail Id :				
* S	chedule for submiss	sion of Re-r	egistration form	n at the Region	al Centre or	ıly:		
		S.No.	July Sess	ion	Late Fee			
			Feb. to 31st Marc		Nil			
	_	2. 1 st	April to 30th Apr	ril	Rs.200/-			
		3 1st	May to 31st May June to 20th Jun		Rs.500/-			
	7. Te	4 1 st	June to 20th Jun	e	Rs.1000/-			

PS: Students are required to fill-up compulsorily the statistical information in the enclosed Annexure-I of the RR Form.

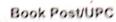
SCHEDULE OF COURSES ON OFFER FOR MBA – JULY-DEC 2014 SEMESTER

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE			
CO	MPULSORY	OUDGE (re			
The state of the same of the s	COMPULSORY COURSES (offered in both the semesters) MS1 Management Equations and Debaggious				
2.	MS2	Management Functions and Behaviour			
3,	MS3	Management of Human Resources Economic and Social Environment			
4.	MS4	Accounting and Finance for Managers			
5.	MS5	Management of Machines and Materials			
6.	MS6	Marketing for Managers			
7.	MS7	Information Systems for Managers			
8.	MS8	Quantitative Analysis for Managerial Applications			
9.	MS9	Managerial Economics			
10.	MS10	Organisational Design, Development and Change			
11.	MS11	Strategic Management			
12.	MS91	Advanced Strategic Management			
13.	MS95	Research Methodology for Management Decisions			
14.	MS100	Project Work (equivalent to two courses)			
HU	MAN RESOU	RCE MANAGEMENT (PGDHRM)			
15.	MS25	Managing Change in Organisations			
16.	MS26	Organisational Dynamics			
17.	MS27	Wage and Salary Administration			
18.	MS28	Labour Laws			
19.	MS29	International Human Resource Management			
FINA	ANCIAL MAN	AGEMENT (PGDFM)			
20.	MS44	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management			
21.	MS45	International Financial Management			
22.	MS46	Management of Financial Services			
OPE	RATIONS MA	NAGEMENT (PGDOM)			
23.	MS55	Logistics and Supply Chain Management			
24.	MS56	Materials Management			
25.	MS57	Maintenance Management			
26.	MS58	Management of R&D and Innovation			
		NAGEMENT (PGDMM)			
27.	MS66	Marketing Research			
	MS68				
28.	MS611	Management of Marketing Communication and Advertising Rural Marketing			
	MS612	Retail Management			
30.					
		RKETS PRACTICE (PGDFMP)			
31	MFP4	Debt and Currency Markets			
32	MFP5	Professionals in Financial Markets Practice			
INTE	GRATIVE MO	DDULE (Elective courses)			
33	MS94	Technology Management			
34	MS96	Total Quality Management			
35	MS97	International Business			
	141077				



INFORMATION FOR STATISTICAL PURPOSE. STUDENTS ARE REQUIRED TO FILL UP THIS ANNEXURE COMPULSORILY.

1. Name of student:
2. Enrol. No.:
3. Programme Code:
4. Category: (Cross (X) the appropriate Box only)
General SC ST OBC
5. Whether Kashmiri Migrant: (Write (√) if applicable)
6. Whether Physically handicapped: (Write (√) if applicable)
7. Whether minority: (Write (√) if applicable)
8. Social Status: (Cross (X) the appropriate Box only)
Ex-service man War-widow Not applicable
9. Employment Status: Cross (X) the appropriate Box only)
Unemployed Employed IGNOU Employee KVS Employee
10. Religion: Cross (X) the appropriate Box only
Hindu Muslim Christian Sikh Jain Buddhist Parsi Jews Others (Please specify
11. Details of Scholarship being received, if any.
(a) Amount (annually) (b) Govt./Deptt.
Rs.
2. Family income (yearly) Rs.









From:
If Undelivered Please return to:
Regional Director,
IGNOU REGIONAL CENTRE
12. Arera Hills, Bhopal 462011 (M.P.)
Ph. 0755-2578455/52
E-mail rcbhopal@ignou.ac.in

O.I.G.S. Printed Material

To, _ MP-117885201 1501

PAJEEV PRAKASH SHRIVASTAVA

DEVENDRA KUMAR SHRIVASTAVA

- SH-06 UDHAV DAS MEHTA PARISAR

NEHRU NAGAR

BHOPAL

MADHYA FRADESH-462003

** Offer for JULY-2014 Session **



La Colonia de la



Indira Gandhi National Open University School of Management Studies

Date:	Ì	3	-	3	-	3

To,

Rajeer Prakash Shriva Stava

SH . o. 6. Udhar Das Mehla l'arisar

Nehry Nagar, Bhopal - 462003

Sub: Your query regarding your MS-100 project synopsis (pp.no 1853)

Dear Student.

This is with regard to your letter dated $\frac{13-3.13}{2}$ regarding the MS-100 project synopsis. In this regard, we would like to inform you chat

S.No	Statement	
1.	Your synopsis is already approved on and duly dispatched to you.	
2.	Your synopsis is not approved and the matter is communicated to you on	
3.	Your synopsis approval was sent to your address but has been returned undelivered.	
4.	Your synopsis has been referred to the Unfair Means Committee.	
5.	The synopsis is under approval process and decision will be communicated to you shorty.	
6.	The office has not received you project synopsis Please send it again.	
7.	Your approved synopsis remains valid if you have not changed the title/supervisor. You car submit the project report.	1
8.	You have not attached the synopsis/bio-data of the supervisor with the approval form.	
9.	Synopsis has to neatly typed and submitted again.	
10.	Your synopsis is returned as no approval form is attached.	

We hope that this communication has resolved your query. We wish you all the best for your endeavors n MS-100 project work.

Attach the original rejected sympisis

Your sincerely, (project coordinator)

0	31 830 Dt. 2 Project Proposal No. (To be assigned by the School)	(B&F)
0	78531 Scho	of of Management Studies HI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY KRS
1		HI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY Garhi, New Delhi - 110 068
3		PROVAL OF PROJECT PROPOSAL (MS-100)
0	Eurobrocat No. 970341672	S. od; Centre 1501
0	NEW:- 117882501	Regional Centre 1501
0	Name and Address of the Students	RAJEEU PRAKASH SHRIVASTAVA.
1		SH-06, UDHAV DAS MENTA
D		PARIJAR, NEHRY WAGAR
10		BHOPAL
	Title of the project :	Financing Criteria in Honding Loans
	Subject Area: HRA	L& OB/Accounting & Finance Operations Management & Information
	Syrth	m/Marketing/Corporate Management/Any Other (Specify)
13	Name and Address of the Supervisor.	ER. Son's Shayam Singh
1 3		B-11 SKy Drehmy Campus, Robit Neigau phan I E8 Extly BHOPAL - 462039
6	Is the Supervisor an Academic Councillor of Management-Programme of IGNOU?	Yes Yes No
	If Yes, Name and Code of Stidy :	MS 42- MS-41
-	Centre and the courses hershe is counselling for and since when	1501 Since 1977
13	No. of the Students currently working: under the supervisor for MS-100	One
وا	A STANDARD TO MISTON	
	Signature of Student	0,0,201) Signature of Separation Shaperitor
	Date: 03/08/2010	1.11.201) Date: 3/4/10
	Please do not forget to enclose the synapsis e	of the project and the Bic-date of the Supervisor. In case the complete and a promound expervisor is an evaluation comments of IGNOU's Management
	Programme) is not endosed, the propessions	I and the contradiction of the second of 10,000, 10,00
L	SYNOPSIS SUPERVISOR	For Critica Use Cody
F	APPROVED APPROVED	
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10	Select a guide beso	Vous when I close what you
10	1. 22	17hou Proj 1 went bodo. Heave change
1	The second secon	find a day la.

BIO DATA OF PROJECT GUIDE

Name

Er.Soni Shyam Singh

BE,MIE,FIE,FSEI,PGDBM,Dip(Trg.& Dev.)

Address B-11/35, Skydreamz Campus, Rohit Nagar Phase I, E8 Extn Area Colony

BHOPAL-462039 (M.P.)

Contact No. 09229494406

Qualification

BE, MIE, FIE, FSEI PGDBM, Dip (Trg.& Dev.) Various Certificate courses on Engineering, Management and Faculty Development

Position Held

- Director-ntcon-Management & career consultant
- Director (project)- ICES Bangalore
- Expert faculty to MBA courses at BU, IGNOU, MPBOU
- Vice president- MP electrical Ltd., Bhopal
- General Manager- Yamuna Gases & Chemicals, Jagadhari
- General Manager- DK Insulation, Bhopal
- Production Manager- Permali Wallace Ltd., Bhopal

Areas handled

- General Management
- Project Management
- Operation & Production Management
- Marketing Management
- HR and HRD

Experience

3

- More than 34 years of Techno-management
- More than 13 Years of Academic

() Company

More than 10 Years of management development & Personality Development

Publications

- Published Books on HRD, HRM and PPM
- Read & Published Papers on Engineering and management
- Writing books on Entrepreneurship development & small scale management,
 Concept & practices of Marketing, HRM Practices to face challenges

Project Guided

- More than 50 on Marketing
- More than 40 on HRM
- More than 25 on Operation

• More than 20 on Finance

Shan Sin

(Er.Soni Shyam Singh)

102

PROJECT Proposal on

"Financing criteria's in Housing Loans"

(A Case study of LIC, SBI and HDFC Banks)

Submitted by

Rajeeev Prakash Shrivastava Enrolment # 970341673

Guide by

Er. Soni Shaym Singh

Er, MA (Eco.),PGDBM, Dip.(Trg. &Dev.),FIE,FSEI Mgt. Consultant & Career Consultant and counselor to IGNOU

Submitted to

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN university

SYNOPSIS ON

"Financing criteria's in Housing Loans"

(A Case study of LIC, SBI and HDFC Banks)

Rationale Behind The Study

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Housing has been a basic need of any individual and making a house a big liability. House loans offers from the banks thus has been a boon to the aspirants of own houses. Perhaps this was which real estate sector player started getting secured customers and started offering built houses and banks found a better option to offer the loans to the house owners mortgaging that house as one of the collateral security and. Assured regular repayment in terms of EMI.

Looking into the most secured lending schemes many nationalized and private banks designed their attractive offers and sales promotional schemes to the bowers. This has given an opportunity to the bowers to analyze the offers in terms of loan process, documentation complexity, rate of interest and the margin money to be arranged by the borrowers.

However their preference to approach the lending bank found varying depending up on various factors each borrowers consider in context to the limit of the loan, repayment period and more so on the basis of their earning which has been the main factor to decide the limit of the loan.

This study is therefore aimed at surveying to find out the factors mainly considered to approach any lending bank, such as financial characteristics

- Percentage of margin money required or the maximum percentage of loan limit

 possible

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- Interest rate and their options etc.



OBJECTIVE OF STUDY

- To find out nature of characteristics of Housing Loans
- 2. To find out comparative financial characteristics of popular housing creditors
- 3. To determine confidence level of investors in Housing loans
- To summarize impact of financial characteristics of preference of investors.
- 5. To compare the financial repercussions in different offerings
- 6. To understand the borrowing limits of the customers of the area
- 7. To conclude the factors generally preferred by the customers of the area.

Brief OF THE COMPANY under study

I will focus mainly on LIC, SBI, HDFC banks who are the main players in the area.: The brief of these banks history of establishment and the house loan policies will be discussed in this study, as well as their house loan shares.

BRIEF OF ACADEMICS

In the project the academic background of savings and investment, financial benefit in borrowing for house loans and financial factors affecting the investments in housing.

REASEARCH METHODOLOGY TO BE USED

Research Design:

It will be an exploratory design, which will require in depth study of secondary and primary data both. The data from the offering of LIC, SBI, and HDFC Housing Loans fund schemes, schemes of others form Internet and the SBI record data will be the secondary data

Type And Sources Of Data:

Secondary Data:

Secondary data will be collected from various Housing Loans houses, Internet sites e.g. valueresearch.com, sbimf.com etc. and leaflet and journals of financial newspapers and magazines.

Primary Data:

Primary data will be collected from the primary borrowers from LIC,SBI and HDFC to understand their satisfaction level.



Sample Selection:

Random sample selection method will be used from different strata such as lower income group, middle income and higher income group.

Sample Size:

From the population of around 25000, estimated investors in Housing Loan schemes in the area under study there may be around 2200 investors and therefore the sample size is designed for 120 investors.

Data collection And Interpretation

The collected data will be tabulated according to questions being asked to interpret the impact of economic trend and changing pattern of investment. The finding will be projected in Bar chart and Pie chart also.

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

The conclusion will be drawn based on the views of majority and the impact will be summarizing to make suggestion if any.

LIMITATIONS

Since the study is being conducted in a small municipal area of M.P. and most of the investors are the employees of therefore the findings may not be generalized but it will be certainly protect the changing pattern of investments and the logic behind it.

(Er. Soni Shyam Singh)

Project Guide

(Rajeev Prakash Shrivastava)

Student

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	M	D A	MPR

Project Proposal No

51850

(To be assigned by the School).

31830 Dt 27.9.2002) School of Management Studies

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY

Maidan Garhi, New Delhi – 110 068 PROFORMA FOR APPROVAL OF PROJECT PROPOSAL (MS-100)

Enrolment No 970341673	Study Centre 1501 Regional Centre
Name and Address of the Student:	Rajeev Prakash Shrivastava SH-06, Udhav Das Mehta Parisar, Above Sanghi Sales, Nehru Nagar - Bhopal
Title of the project:	"A Study of key factors influencing Investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh".
Subject Area:	Accounting & Finance/ Corporate Management
ame and Address of the Supervisor:	Smt Sulakshna Tiwari, Faculty C R Institute of Management, Barkatullah University Bhopal
Is the Supervisor an Academic Counsello of Management Programme of IGNOU?	or : YesNo
If Yes, Name and Code of Study: Centre and the courses the he/she is counselling for and since when	NA Gr Lay 1
No. of the Students currently working: under the supervisor for MS-100	1 loub
Signature of Student Rajeev Prakash Shrivastava Date: 30.03.2006	Signature of Supervisor CRIM Smt Sulakshna Tiwari Date: 30.03.2006 Shopal
please do not forget to enclose the syn signed Bio-Data of the Supervisor (Ev Programme) is not enclosed, the prop	opsis of the project and the Bio-data of the Supervisor. In case the complete and ten if the proposed supervisor is an academic counsellor of IGNOU's Management
SYNOPSIS SUPERVISO	For Office Use Only
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Comments/Suggestions for reformulation of the Project.

please head his 95 naterial and prepare synopsis Lith splicitic objectives and detailed methodology



SULAKSHNA TIWARI

E-3, Senior MIG-15, Arera Colony, Bhopal-16 *Ph. 0755 - 2467554*

sulakshnatiwari@rediffmail.com

Present Status: Working as a Lecturer (on contract basis) with CRIM, University Teaching Department, Barkatullah University Bhopal, since October 1996

Eligibility For Lecturership:

- 1. Qualified UGC NET (Management) June 1999.
- 2. Qualified MPSLET (Commerce) November 1999.

Professional Qualification:

M.B.A. (Finance) C.R.I.M. UTD, BVV Bhopal with 71% in 1994.

Major Specialization: Finance

Minor Specialization: Marketing

Academic Qualifications:

Exam	Year	Institute	Board / Univ.	Percent
M.Com.	2000	offic	Barkatullah University	65%
B.Com. 199		Govt. Girls College,	Barkatullah University	66%
		Shivaji Nagar, Bhopal	0078	
Higher Secondary	1989	Carmel Convent,	M.P. Board of Sec.	71%
[Commerce]		School, Bhopal	Education, Bhopal.	/170
High School 1987		St. Josephs Convent,	M.P. Board of Sec.	5 2 50/
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Experience:

1. Academic: Presently working as a Lecturer (Contract) with C.R. Institute Of Management, UTD Barkatullah University, working since October '96.

Nature of Responsibilities:

a. **Present Teaching Assignment**: Taking Classes in M.B.A Full Time Programme for i) Working Capital Management ii) Management of Financial services. iii) Management Process & Organizational Behavior.

Other Papers Taught:

- i. Accounting for Managers
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- v. Marketing Management
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- ii. Counseling and Admissions,
- iii. Coordination for Internal Sessional & Mid term and term Exams
- iv. Placements
- v. Student Club Activities

Visiting Faculty:

3

- Visiting Faculty with Institute of Professional and Educational Research, Bhopal took B.B.A classes for Financial Accounting and Marketing Management.
- Visiting Faculty with RCVP Naronha Academy of Administration, Bhopal for their MBA(Rural Management) programme and took classes in communication.

Industrial/Executive Experience:

- a. Worked as Executive (accounts) with Lloyds Finance Ltd., Bhopal from Sept '95 to Dec '95.
- b. Worked as Accounts Executive with Satyavijaya Goods Transport Service, during July '94 to Aug'95.

July 103/06

Project / Training Undertaken:

- Financial Statement Analysis of M.P. Oil Seeds Growers Federation (Oilfed)
- One month On The Job training with Optel Telecommunication Ltd. in the area of Finance.

Project Guidance and Coordination:

- Project guide for students of M.P Bhoj Open University in the area of Finance.
- Project Guide for CRIM students in the area of Finance and Marketing & Coordination as Faculty in charge project study

Other Academic Assignment Undertaken:

Paper setting and valuation for Rani Durgavati University Jabalpur and Institute of Excellence in Higher Education, Bhopal.

Seminars / Conferences / FDP's Attended:

- Participated in Seminar on Economics of Amartya Sen at Academy of Administration, Bhopal organized by MP Economic Association.
 - Participated in Seminar on Employment Opportunities for People with Disabilities organized by NCPEDP and Eicher Motors in Bhopal.
 - Participated in FDP organized by ICFAI, Hyderabad on Emerging trends in Finance, Insurance and Business at Bhopal.
- Participated in National Convention of ISTD on Human Resource Strategies for Sustainable Growth in Bhopal.
- Participated in seminar on Excellence in Technical Education organized by PHD chamber of commerce and industry in Bhopal.
- Participated in "Seminar on Sustainable Development: Opportunities and Challenges" at Faculty of Management Studies-Indian Institute of Rural Management, Jaipur
- Participated in National Faculty Development Program at Hyderabad, organized by ICFAI University, Hyderabad for Faculties of Business Schools.
- Participated in workshop on service Tax organized by ISTD.

Publications:

Paper:

Coauthored a Paper on *Intellectual Property Rights Violating Human Rights* presented in World Conference on Human Rights and Poverty organized by BVV, Bhopal.

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- Presented a paper on Need of Faculty Training and Development at National Seminar on Quality in Higher Education organized by Dept of Adult education, Barkatullah University, Bhopal.
- Presented a paper on Customer Service Orientation in Banking sector and Marketing strategies At National Seminar Organised by School of Management, LNCT, Bhopal.

Article:

Development of Sense of Belongingness: An Expedient Solution to high Employee Turnover, published in 'IT Sovereign' Oct 01.

Research:

Pursuing research on A Study on Restructuring of Banking Services in India under the Faculty of management, Barkatullah University for the award of Doctorate in Philosophy.

Membership of Profesional Bodies:

- Membership of Indian Society For Training and Development.
- Membership of National HRD Network

Selections:

Was Selected for the Post of "Associate Professor" by Rai University, Bhopal for their School of Arts and Management Sciences at Bhopal for Teaching the Graduate and Post Graduate Programmes.

Personal Profile:

Date of Birth

19th May 1971.

Pláce of Birth

Bhopal (M.P)

Nationality

Indian

Marital Status

Married

Category

General

Husband Name

Mr. Ashesh Tiwari

Lănguages Known

Hindi and English

Hobbies

- Line and English

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Interacting with people, Organising Cultural

& Management Events

Areas Of Interest

Learning New methods of Teaching and applying innovations to make Management

teaching more Interactive and Interesting for

the students.

References

1. Prof. P.K Mishra, Director

CRIM, BVV, Bhopal

2. Prof.(Dr) Sunanda Chavan

Sarojni Naidu Girls College, Bhopal

SULAKSHNA TIWARI

Place: Bhopal

nool of Management Studies NDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY PROJECT PROPOSAL (MS-100)



<u>Title of the project</u>: "A Study of key factors influencing Investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh".

Subject Area: "Accounting and Finance / Corporate Management"

Definition:

In finance, the purchase of a financial product or other item of value with an expectation of favorable future returns. In general terms, *investment* means the use money in the hope of making more money.

In business, the purchase by a producer of a physical good, such as durable equipment or inventory, in the hope of improving future business.

On the cash flow statement and in economics, *investment* means spending that results in an increase in assets. This includes capital spending on plant and equipment, i.e. a real increase in the means of production; but it also includes any swelling of unsold inventory, which can indicate a problem with consumer demand.

An outlay of a sum of money to be used in such a way that a profit or increase in capital may be expected.

Executive Summary of Madhya Pradesh:

Madhya Pradesh is India's second largest state with regard to geographical area, and ranks seventh in terms of population. MP lies in the heart of India and is landlocked between Maharashtra, Gujarat, Chhattisgarh, Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan. MP is a developing state with nearly 80 per cent of its populace still living in villages. Thirty-two per cent of its population is tribal. Though its economy is

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"A Study of key factors influencing Investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh*.

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largely agrarian, the state has taken major steps in industrial development by exploiting its rich mineral reserves.

The state has also made rapid progress in industries such as petrochemicals, automobiles, food processing and solvent extraction. Investment entailed by new projects in unified MP has been divided between the two states in fair proportion to their area. Of the (notional) projects investment of Rs 65,434 crore of undivided MP.

Projects Investment there were 161 projects in MP entailing a total investment of Rs 45,016 crore. The state stood 10th among the states in projects investment, accounting for nearly 3 per cent of India's total projects investment. MP has a remarkably high projects implementation ratio. This is defined as investment entailed by projects under implementation or those partially completed, to the total projects investment. At 82.4 per cent, this metric for MP surpassed the national average of 37.1 per cent, by a wide margin. Industries attracting significant projects investment in MP include coal mining, thermal power generation, irrigation, hydel power generation, petroleum products, telecom services and roadways. 18 thermal power projects were coming up in MP. These envisaged a total investment of Rs 12,337 crore, or one-fourth of the state's total outstanding projects investment. Irrigation is another important area with 52 projects envisaging a total investment of Rs 10,168 crore.

Hydel power projects, a typical accompaniment to irrigation projects, have also attracted substantial investment. There were six such projects entailing a total investment of Rs 6,319 crore. The sectoral patterns in projects investment in MP have a prominent thrust on infrastructure projects, there exist projects in manufacturing and services sectors in the former. Major Projects The Bina refinery project, being implemented by BPCL, is the largest investment project in Madhya

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"A Study of key factors influencing Investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh".

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Pradesh. The oil PSU has tied up with Oman Oil Company (OOC) to develop a 6 million tpa refinery costing Rs 7,513 crore at Bina in MP.

The project is significant for Madhya Pradesh in that it would be the first petroleum refinery in the state. Once commissioned, this project may even engender investment in downstream petroleum products.

Motivation behind Project:

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There is tremendous potential for taking Madhya Pradesh into the ranks of the industrially advanced States of the Country. The Industrial Policy and Action Plan, and recently announced IT Policy of GoMP aims at accelerating & strengthening industrial development, attracting more capital investment, ensuring balanced regional development and providing additional employment opportunities to help improve the standard of living of the people.

- In an economy where people and governments are becoming cost-conscious, India and Foreign Investors are leading the way in providing quality at the fraction of the prevailing costs.
- 2. As per reports approximately \$70-90 billion of the \$300-billion manufacturing export opportunity could be captured by just four sectors auto components, apparel, specialty chemicals and electrical and electronic products.
- 3. Parliament of the Patents (Amendments Bill) 2005 made Indian Laws consistent with WTO Agreements on Trade related aspects of IPR has opened new vistas to attract interest of global pharmaceutical firms also Law will speed up the process for granting compulsory license.
- According to Economical and Political Weekly, April 2, 2005, The annual reviews of Economy (ES: Economic Survey) identifies five areas to be addressed investment issues
 - i. Capital formation in Agriculture (Linked to diversification)

"A Study of key factors influencing Investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh".

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- ii. Simplification of entry-exit barriers
- iii. Access to finance
- iv. Outlays in infrastructure and promotion of both FDI and FII
- 5. Status of development of MP
 - a. First green field operational SEZ (2500 Acre)
 - MP SEZ Act : Madhya Pradesh Act No.23 of 2003 : The Indore Special Economic Zone (Special Provisions) Act , 2003
 - ii. Fully developed land for allotment
 - iii. PPA signed with NTPC for Power
- 6. Industrial Infrastructure Development Fund
- 7. Specialized Infrastructure
 - i. Industrial Clusters
 - ii. Auto Track
 - iii. Crystal IT Park
 - iv. Apparel Parks SEZ, Indore, Jabalpur
 - v. Food parks and Agri Export Zones
 - vi. Stone park Katni
- 8. Forest: Industry Potential A plan of utilizing 1 million hectare of waste land for plantation of paper pulp and energy trees, will open an opportunity for producing \$1.5 Billion to \$2 billion worth of commercial paper in the state.
- 9. E- business revolution 1700 e-Chaupals in MP
- 10. Knowledge Capital
- 11. The M P Advantage
 - i. Land Cost advantage
 - ii. Cost to company advantage
 - iii, ROI advantages
 - iv. Industrial Harmony
 - v. Quantification of cost advantage

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Typical development Process:

As the battle for supremacy in investment is hotting up between the States, Madhya Pradesh with 67.3% rate of implementation is much ahead of others. As per the latest figures available over the period industrial entrepreneur memoranda (IEMs) were filed in Madhya Pradesh with investment amounting to Rs 62,119 Crore or roughly 7.64 of total IEMs.

The concept of systematic planning for development is relatively a new one in the context of massive development measures. The emphasis on having a total look at the development in a state like MP as a whole and then placing them in an order of priority, is a need of the hour. Financing institutions and developmental agencies like MPSIDC also prefer to look at investment needs for development within the framework of state rather then projects for individual selected in isolation.

Objectives of the study:

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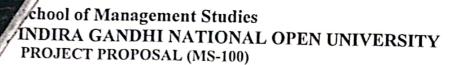
This will incorporate a review of the current body of literature concerning Investment and development, as well as a summary of the process surrounding initiation and completion .

In light of recent efforts surrounding infrastructure development (SEZ) it is believed that the results of this study could promote improved investment .

Furthermore, as this thesis will be written from a perspective that is of relevance.

Proposed research methodology:

Questionnaire will be derived and designed and data will be collected from different segments like beneficiaries, companies, potential investors, Tax Payers, Policy makers, Professionals etc... The sample size will be 100 Respondent.





Secondary data will be collected from various publications and Web resources like Tata / CMIE / CII / FICCI / IBEF / CSI / MP Federation etc

The proposed Chapter Plan:

- 1. Introduction: Concept, Research Methodology, limitations and scope
- 2. History and Background , Review of Literature
- 3. Available Infrastructure: SEZ
- 4. Comparison and Data Interpretation, Future Trends
- 5. Sample cases: Case Study
- 6. Finding and suggestions

Scope of Future Application:

The Investors have realized the benefits of investing in the state of MP, but today choice are widening, the Indian market has a long way to go before it reaches the bewildering choice offered by the global markets, still even a committed investor may find it difficult to pickup the destination, given the available choice. We do not have the time and expertise to choose the right tool to attract investors. We rely on Consultants and Agencies, say many of us, therefore, the basic purpose of this report is to provide the knowledge and importance of available infrastructure and by making comparative analysis of other states of India with reference to MP.

Bibliography

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- ✓ Barnett, Michael, (2003). 'Falling Off the Fence? , Journal of Management Inquiry, Vol. 12 (2), pp. 185 196.
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- ✓ Pike, Richard, and Neale, Bill, (2003). Corporate Finance and Investment Decisions and Strategies (4th Ed.), Essex, England: Pearson Education Limited.
- Sandercock, L., and Dovey, K., (2002), 'Pleasure, Politics, and the "Public Interest" –Melbourne's Riverscape Revitalization', *Journal of the American Planning Association*, Vol 68, Issue 2, pages 151 164.

Newspapers, Journals

- ✓ Economics Times
- √ Financial Express
- ✓ The Economist
- ✓ Economical and Political Weekly
- ✓ The Hindu
- ✓ Mainstream
- ✓ Yojna
- ✓ International Journal of Technology, Policy and Management

Various WEB Sites: mpsidc.org, mpindustry.org; www.ficci.com

<u>Sectoral</u>

✓ www.bisnetworld.net

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- ✓ www.techno-preneur.net
- ✓ www.agroindia.org
- ✓ www.emcisee.com
- ✓ www.cleantechindia.com

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- ✓ www.nambisnet.com
- ✓ www.aseanindia.net
- ✓ www.iornet.org
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- ✓ http://www.waterfrontcenter.org Date accessed: 18th July 2003.
- ✓ http://strategis.ic.gc.ca/epic/internet/inpupr-bdpr.nsf/en/Home
 <a href="http://strategis.ic.gc.ca/epic/internet/in
- ✓ http://greenbook.treasury.gov.uk/glossary.htm Date accessed: 28Th October 2003
- ✓ Other Related Publications and Web resources.

postmaster@ignou.ac.in Propagation Address Book

To:

shrivastava_rajeev@yahoo.com

Date:

Tue, 6 Nov 2007 12:15:36 +0530

Subject: Delivery Status Notification (Failure)

This is an automatically generated Delivery Status Notification. Delivery to the following recipients failed.

mba@ignou.ac.in

Message/delivery-status

Reporting-MTA: dns; mailsrvr.maildomain.com Received-From-MTA: dns;ignoumails.maildomain.com Arrival-Date: Tue, 6 Nov 2007 12:15:36 +0530

Final-Recipient: rfc822; mba@ignou.ac.in

Action: failed Status: 5.2.2

X-Display-Name: master of business administration

Forwarded Message [Download File]

Date:

Tue, 6 Nov 2007 06:47:41 +0000 (GMT)

From:

"Dr. Rajeev Shrivastava" <shrivastava_rajeev@yahoo.com>

Subject: Inquiry regarding Project Proposal No. 31830 Dt. 27.9.2002 and 20/03/2006.

To:

mproject@ignou.ac.in

cc:

mba@ignou.ac.in

11/3/2007 13

School of Management Studies Indira Gandhi National Open University Maidan Garhi New Delhi – 110068

Subject: Inquiry regarding Project Proposal No. 31830 Dt. 27.9.2002 and 20/03/2006.

Respected Sir,

I have submitted project proposal No. 31830 Dated on 27.9.2002 and revised proposal on 20/03/2006.

Kindly let me know whether the synopsis has been approved ? What is the status ? , SIr

Hoping an early reply, enable me to act further.

Inconvenience caused is highly regretted.

With kind regards
Rajeev Prakash Shrivastava
Enrollment No. 970341673
SH-06, Udhav Das Mehta Parisar,
Above Sanghi Sales, opp BSNL
Nehru Nagar – Bhopal
Cell 09425009789

E-mail: Shrivastava Rajeev@yahoo.com

cc : Regional Director, IGNOU, Bhopal

MBA MPB



31830 Dr 27.4-2002 School of Management Studies

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY

PROFORMA FO	aidan Garh R APPROVA	i, New Delhi – I L OF PROJECT	PROPOSAL	(MS-100)
Elimelment No 470341673			Study Centre Regional Centre	1501
Name and Address of the Student.	Rajoev Prakas SH-08, Udhav Above Sanghi Nohru Nagar	Das Mehta Parisar, Sales,		
This of the project	"A Study of A	"3. Study of, key factors influencing, Investment in the state of Madhya Pradesh"		
Subject Area	Accounting	Accounting & Finance/ Corporate Management		
nume and Address of the Supervisor.	Smt. Sulakshna Tiwari, Faculty C R Institute of Management, Barkatullah University Bhopal			
Is the Supervisor an Academic Ceansellor of Management Programme of IGNOU?	× *	Yes	No	√
If Yes, Name and Code of Study Centre and the courses the he she is counselling for and since when	NA			
No. of the Students currently working ander the supervisor for MS-100	NA	Or say 1	nust—	
Signature of Student Rujeev Prakash Shrivastava Date 30/03/2006	30/06	Signature of Supe Smt Sulakshna T Date: 30.03.200	iwari Ba	IM vkat ullah Uni versil depal
Thease do not forget to enclose the syno signed Bio-Data of the Supervisor (Eve Programme) is not enclosed, the propo-	on if the proposes	d supervisor is an acc	of the Superviso	r. In case the complete and

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AND MED	APPROVED
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For Office Use Only

Date

Comments Suggestions for reformulation of the Project.

Please read his 95 naturial and prepare synopsis Lite specitic objectives and detailed nethodogy

CURRICULUM VITAE OF

SULAKSHNA TIWARI

E-3, Senior MIG-15,

Arera Colony, Bhopal-16 Ph. 0755 - 2467554

sulakshnatiwari@rediffmail.com

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- Financial Statement Analysis of M.P. Oil Seeds Growers Federation, (Oilfed)
- One month On The Job training with Optel Telecommunication Ltd. in the area of Pinance.

Project Guidance and Coordination:

- Project guide for students of M.P Bhoj Open University in the area of Finance.
- Project Guide for CRIM students in the area of Finance and Marketing & Coordination as Faculty in charge project study

Other Academic Assignment Undertaken:

Paper setting and valuation for Rani Durgavati University Jabahpur and Institute of Excellence in Higher Education ,Bhopal.

Seminars / Conferences / FDP's Attended:

- Participated in Seminar on Economics of Amartya Sen at Academy of Administration, Bhopal organized by MP Economic Association.
- Participated in Seminar on Employment Opportunities for People with Disabilities organized by NCPEDP and Eicher Motors in Bhopal.
- Participated in FDP organized by ICFAI, Hyderabad on Emerging trends in Finance, Insurance and Business at Bhopal.
- Participated in National Convention of ISTD on Human Resource Strategies for Sustainable Growth in Bhopal.
- Participated in seminar on Excellence in Technical Education organized by PHD chamber of commerce and industry in Bhopal.
- Participated in "Seminar on Sustainable Development: Opportunities and Challenges" at Faculty of Management Studies-Indian Institute of Rural Management, Jaipur
- Participated in National Faculty Development Program at Hyderabad, organized by ICFAI University, Hyderabad for Faculties of Business Schools.
- Participated in workshop on service Tax organized by ISTD.

Publications:

Paper:

Coauthored a Paper on Intellectual Property Rights Violating Human Rights presented in World Conference on Human Rights and Poverty organized by BVV, Bhopal.

Alsuh-306.

- Presented a paper on Need of Faculty Training and Development at National Seminar on Quality in Higher Education organized by Dept of Adult education, Barkatullah University, Bhopal.
- Presented a paper on Customer Service Orientation in Banking sector and Marketing strategies At National Seminar Organised by School of Management, LNCT, Bhopal.

Article:

Development of Sense of Belongingness: An Expedient Solution to high Employee Turnover, published in 'IT Sovereign' Oct 01.

Research:

Pursuing research on A Study on Restructuring of Banking Services in India under the Faculty of management, Barkatullah University for the award of Doctorate in Philosophy.

Membership of Profesional Bodies:

- Membership of Indian Society For Training and Development.
- Membership of National HRD Network

Selections:

Was Selected for the Post of "Associate Professor" by Rai University, Bhopal for their School of Arts and Management Sciences at Bhopal for Teaching the Graduate and Post Graduate Programmes.

Personal Profile:

Date of Birth

19th May 1971.

Pláce of Birth

Bhopal (M.P)

Nationality

Indian

Marital Status

Married

Category

General

Husband Name

Mr. Ashesh Tiwari

Languages Known

Hindi and English

Hobbies

Timur and English

.

Interacting with people, Organising Cultural

& Management Events

Areas Of Interest

Learning New methods of Teaching and applying innovations to make Management teaching more Interactive and Interesting for

the students.

References

1. Prof. P.K Mishra, Director

CRIM, BVV, Bhopal

2. Prof.(Dr) Sunanda Chavan

Sarojni Naidu Girls College, Bhopal

SULAKSHNA TIWARI

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School of Management Studies Indira Gandhi National Open University Maidan Garhi, New Delhi - 110 668.

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PROFORMA FOR APPROVAL OF PROJECT PROPOSAL (MS-100)

	970341673
Project Proposal No 31830	Enrolment No.
(P.P. No.)	Study Centre 150 1
	•
	Regional Centre
Name and Address of the Student:	RAJEEY P. STRIPTSTAVA
	SH-06, UDHAY DAS MEHTO UMPLEX
	NEHRU-NAGAR BHOPAL
Title of the Project :	"Mutual Fund and Rick Analysis"
Subject Area: HRM & OB/Accounting & Finar	10- Management & Information Systems
Marketing/Corporate Management	nt/Any Other (Specify)
	A ===
Name 2nd Address of the Supervisor:	Ms Sulakshna Tiwari faculty
	C.R. Institute of Managenit
	Fackatullah University, Sheepal
Is the Supervisor an Academic	Yes: No:
Counsellor of Management	
Programme of IGNOU	24 . 94
If Yes Name and Code of Study:	W 4
Centre and the courses he/she is	
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No. of Student currently working: under the supervisor for MS-100	1.
(Please refer to point No. 4 in the	1. Va Kohm
guidelines)	hos
> > _	O' E.R. M.
Signature of Student	Signature of Supervisor LAH UNIVERSITY
Date : 27-09, 2001	Date: 2 TV199/92
Please do not forget to enclose the synopsis of the p	roject and the Bio-data duly signed by the guide.
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Approved Approved	
Lot Approved Not Approved	Signature of Projects)
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Comments/Suggestions for reformulating the Project.	
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पी.पी.नं. 78531 P.P.NO.

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RAJEEV PRAKABH SHRIVABTANA SH-OG, UDHAV DAS MEHTA PARISAR NEH RU NAGAR PHOPAL PIN-462003

(1225 M3K)



मन्देशक/ Director
प्रबंध अध्ययन विद्यापीठ/ SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES
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